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VOL XX NO 292 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1932 EIGHT PAGES

ALLAHABAD SUCCESS IN SURMOUNTING OBSTACLES

UNITY SUB-COMMITTEE REACHES AGREEMENT

Muslims To Get 32 p. c. Seats: Sikhs 4 2/3 p. c. And Christians 2 p. c. In Central Legislature

OPEN SESSION OF CONFERENCE ADJOURNS

(From Our Staff Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, December 15.

Once again the open session of the Unity Conference was adjourned for a day, and the Sub-committee has not yet been able to conclude its work. Instead of the President, Dr. Sayad Mahmud and a few other delegates proceeded to the Mayo Hall this afternoon and announced the disappointing news to a large number of visitors, who had thronged in the galleries.

RESIDUARY POWERS.

Among the questions discussed and disposed of by the Sub-committee to-day are one of the residuary powers and another of the central legislature. Regarding the first, the original proposal of drawing up exhaustive schedules of the central and provincial subjects has been accepted and a committee is understood to have been appointed to do the work.

REPRESENTATION IN CENTRAL LEGISLATURE.

The question of representation of various communities in the central legislature was again discussed and the Committee agreed to give two per cent. representation to the Indian Christians.

Accordingly the final position in this matter would be 32 per cent. for the Muslims 4-2/3 per cent. for Sikhs, and 2 per cent. for Christians and the rest for Hindus and others. The question of Bengal took a good deal of Committee's time to-day.

The Bengal Hindus, who recently met in a Conference presided over by Mr. J. N. Basu, have proposed the following representation to different communities: Muslims 127 seats; Hindus 112; Indian Christians 2; Anglo-Indians 2 and Europeans seven seats.

Muslims are agreeable to this arrangement as it satisfies their claim of 51 per cent, representation, but they want to make it clear that, even if it were not possible to secure any seats from Europeans, they would be assured of their 51 per cent. seats.

MUSLIM AMENDMENT.

Maulana Abulkalam Azad is reported to have made a most impressive speech emphasising the need of accepting the Muslim amendment and making it perfectly clear that in any case the Muslims would have their 51 per cent. representation. He is reported to have said that a catagorical declaration by the Unity Conference on this issue would immensely strengthen the hands of the Muslim leaders who were working for Unity and bring the Muslim masses all over India under its banner.

The Committee adjourned for one hour after Maulana Abulkalanm's speech for tea and has resumed discussion on the same subject after reassembling, but no decision seems to have been arrived at till now. More delegates are coming to attend the All-Parties Conference and among to-day's arrivals are Messrs. B. F. Bharucha from Bombay and Farudulhaq Ansari from Delhi.

NO DIFFERENTIATION OF ANY KIND

Women's Demand

The feature of the Unity-talks at Allahabad this time is the presence of several women delegates who have arrived here to participate in the All-Parties Conference. Two of them Mrs. Brijlal Nehru and Mrs. Aruna Asafali attended the Sub-committee meetings to-day. Mrs. Brijlal Nehru told our representative that she was afraid that the way men were doing work here was somewhat tardy.

She added: "I must confess that we do not want to bother about the reservations and weightage. All I want to insist, on behalf of women, is that there shall be no differentiation of any kind in the future constitution of the country on account of sex in the matters pertaining to political rights and privileges."

Mrs. Nehru, who has lately arrived in India, represents Women's Indian Association at the Unity Conference.

BENGAL QUESTION

To Be Discussed In Conference

Mr. C. Vijayaraghavachariar President of the Unity Conference and Dr. Moonje are leaving tomorrow for Calcutta to consult the Bengal Hindus with the latest developments at the Unity Conference Sub-Committee regarding the Bengal Question.

The question was discussed at great length in the afternoon and on reassembling of the Committee after tea. The further discussion however, does not seem to have proved very helpful, and it was decided that the President and Dr. Moonje should go to Calcutta with two Bengal delegates and explain the situation to a small conference of the Bengal Hindu leaders, which will meet there on December 17. Mr. J.C. Gupta, a Bengal delegate, left by mail tonight for Calcutta to arrange about the conference. The question the Conference has to consider is Hindus' reply to the Muslim suggestion that it should be clearly stated that even in case it were not possible to secure any seats from the Bengal Europeans, the Muslims would have 51 per cent of the seats.

The President and Dr. Moonje open the session of the Unity Conference as well as All-Parties' Conference will automatically stand adjourned till their return. The Sub-Committee will, however, continue its work and discuss other questions before it.

PUNJAB FORMULA.

On adjourning the consideration of the Bengal Question, the Sub-Committee proceeded to discuss the Punjab formula. The Muslims first suggested the deletion of Clause 3, relating to the procedure to be adopted in case the 3/4th members of all minorities in the Council objected to the legislative measure or administrative policy of the Provincial Governments. After some discussion, it was suggested that instead of referring the matter to a special tribunal appointed by the Central Government, it should be referred to a supreme court for the decision.

The Sikh delegates are reported to have strongly opposed this idea on the ground that the process would not be speedy and would be costly. The Muslim members are reported to have said that they would agree to reference of the matter to a supreme court provided the same safeguard was applied to the Central Legislature.

Upon this the Hindus brought forward suggestion that, in case it was applied to the Central Legislature, then it should be applied to all Provinces in India. This practicably amounted to a deadlock which continued till the Committee rose at 9 p.m. with a decision to meet again at 8-30 a.m. Although the position amounts to the deadlock, prominent members tell me that it is not unsurmountable.

When I asked, how the situation was, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad remarked:

"We shall get over these difficulties. You were here last time and know that then it took 17 days."

The same optimism prevails in the Conference circles and the members seem determined to find a way out of every difficulty in

(Continued on page 3.)

The Viceroy paying a visit to the I. M. M. Training-Ship "Dufferin" where he was received by Capt. Digby-Beste.

FRENCH CABINET CRISIS

Herriot Refuses Offer

LONDON, Dec. 15.

Paris.—M. Herriot has declined the President's request to form a cabinet. The offer was made to him after M. Le Brun had consulted other prominent politicians. An formal invitation will now probably be made to M. Chautemps and then if he refuses to M. Paul Boncour, M. Steeg and M. Daladier. In any case it is certain that in the new ministry there will be change of men rather than of party complexion.—Reuter.

"HIGH-HANDED PROCEDURE"

Protest Against Daudi's Tactics

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 15.

A letter has been addressed by Maulvi Shafee Daudi from Delhi to members of the Working Committee of the Muslim Conference with regard to the meeting at Calcutta on the 26th, 27th and 28th December, to consider among other things the Hindu-Muslim question and the Allahabad decisions and asking them to muster strong.

As all members have not been informed yet of the meeting, Sheik Abdul Majid, Haji Mohamed Hussain and Syed Zakirali, members of the Working Committee, have wired to the Secretary pointing out the illegality of the proposed election of a President at that meeting and also objecting on the ground that it is the Executive Board and not the Working Committee which elects. They have also proposed the name of Raja Saheb of Salempur, Senior Vice-President, as President of the next session.

Further in the same connection, seven members of the Working Committee, Cawnpore, Jamait-Ul-Ulema, hearing of the proposed Working Committee meeting at Delhi on 16th have wired that the proposed meeting is illegal and no members have been informed and also protesting against the high-handed procedure adopted at Delhi.—A. P.

Financial Committee Meets

LONDON, Decr. 15.

The Financial Safeguards Committee held its first meeting this morning. Following the opening of discussion, the representatives of British India and Indian States on the Committee attended the Bank of England in the afternoon to discuss with the Governor and other leading representatives, questions connected with the financial position and credit of India. Conversations between the members of the Federal Finance Committee continue.—Reuter.

Bank Of England Embarked 95,550,000 Dollars In Gold

LONDON, Dec. 15.

Washington.—The Secretary to the Treasury announces that he has been advised that the Bank of England has earmarked 95,550,000 dollars in gold in payment of the debt instalment of £19½ million.—Reuter.

3 SONTHALS KILLED AND 16 INJURED

POLICE OPEN FIRE ON MOB TRIBESMEN

Sequel To Declaring Own "Raj"

CALCUTTA, Dec. 15.

Three Sonthals were killed and 16 injured when the police opened fire on a mob of the aboriginal tribesmen of whom, a few hundred headed by Jitu Chotka and Samu of Banshar in Dinajpur who styled himself Gandhi occupied the Adina mosque, declared "raj" of their own and defied the authorities. The District Magistrate, the Police Superintendent and 25 armed constables with some leading non-official gentlemen went at noon yesterday, but all their persuasion failed.

One constable was fatally wounded by an arrow and the Police Superintendent attacked with sword and arrows. Then the police fired with the results mentioned above.—A. P.

WAR DEBTS

Congress Still Opposes Cancellation

LONDON, Dec. 15.

New York.—Britain enjoys a good press in America and yesterday's debate in the House of Commons is heralded as a worthy of honour and goodness of the world's greatest commercial nation. The French Chamber's refusal to pay is, however, severely criticised, although well informed opinion hopes that the French will change their minds. The majority of Congress still oppose the cancellation of the war debts, but many are urging the President to appoint a committee to meet debtor nations. President Hoover's coming war debts message to Congress is, therefore, eagerly awaited

The "New York Times" believes that President Hoover will urge Congress to empower the Executive of the United States in co-operation with Britain to re-examine the entire debts question.—Reuter's Special.

NO PARTY TO FORCIBLE TEMPLE ENTRY

Mahatma Clarifies Issues

CALL TO SANATANISTS TO PLAY GAME

POONA, December 15.

In the following statement, Mahatma Gandhi reiterates the principles governing his proposed fast on the Guruvayur issue.

The conditions of fast, its limitations and the specific issue as contrasted with temple entry in general on forcible temple-entry are clearly set forth in unequivocal terms to guide the Reformers and to allay the imaginary fears of the Sanatanists.

Regarding legislation for temple entry, Mahatmaji calls upon the Sanatanists to play the game and not to thwart the much-needed reforms.

Mahatma Gandhi has issued the following statement:—

"I thought I had made my position quite clear about the limitations on the temple entry agitation, but I see that some Sanatani friends are still agitated over the fancied dangers, in which they think Sanatan Dharma is from the agitation. I therefore summarise below what I have said in the published statements and letters to correspondents.

LIMITATIONS.

1. The method of fasting is at present confined only to Guruvayur. There are historic reasons for the fast from the reformers' standpoint. There was no escape from it. Those reasons, I know, will not be accepted as any justification by opponents to the reform or even by all who believe in temple entry. My purpose of referring to it is merely to state the limitations of the fast.

2. The fast as it is contemplated, will not be undertaken, if the referendum goes against the reformers. It will be postponed if it is found that the existing laws are against the reformers; and that every effort has been made for the necessary legislation and Viceregal sanction has been obtained far the introduction of the permissible bill; but the bill cannot go through the legislature before the 2nd of January, 1933.

NO FORCIBLE ENTRY.

3. I would not be a party to any forcible temple entry in defiance of the wishes of the majority of worshippers at the respective temples.

4 The agitation will be confined to the public temples, therefore the opening of the private temples will depend entirely upon the owners, and the restrictions applicable to caste Hindus will naturally be applicable to Harijans.

BANE OF NEW TEMPLES.

In my opinion, these limitations ought to satisfy any reasonable Hindu. But I know that there is a body of opinion which will not tolerate the opening of any existing Hindu temple to Harijans on the same terms as the other Hindus. For such uncompromising opponents, there is no method of conciliation that I can devise, short of the programme of building new temples. That means sharp additional division in the already divided society. But I am convinced, if Reformers will loyally and honestly abide by the limitations I have suggested the unreasonable opposition will die for want of support.

Those who have arrogated themselves the name of Sanatana Dharma should, not be surprised or shocked, if the opponents also derive the authority for reform from the same Scriptures the Sanatanists profess to believe in. There is a growing body of Shastris well versed in the Sanskrit lore who believe that it is not only permissible in Hinduism to admit untouchables to public temples, but it is wrong to prohibit them from offering worship in common with the other Hindus at these temples. These Pundits also believe that there is no such thing as untouchability attaching to birth and incapable of being cured by any penance or purification. They do believe in untouchability attaching to arts and occupations, but this is no peculiarity of Hinduism. It is common to all religions and is based on sound hygienic principles.

MOVE AGAINST LEGISLATION.

I believe too that the alarm caused over the proposed legislation is also based on ignorance. So far as I understand the proposal, it simply amounts to this: if two-thirds of the majority of worshippers at a particular temple express their desire through a regular channel devised by the Legislature, such temples should be thrown open to Harijans on terms of equality with others. In my opinion, the proposal itself is intrinsically sound and no reasonable person ca have anything, to say in opposition to it. Any way let the opponents of reform understand exactly what the reformers seek to achieve. As it is, I am sorry to have to observe that the agitation against reform is being conducted in disregard of facts and is being sustained by statements that are contrary to truth and by baseless insinuations and imputations. Such methods can do no harm to the reform, if it is sound in itself: but it hurts Hinduism, if the reformers or opponents resort to methods that are less than fair and just."—A.P.

British Firm Captures Calcutta Jute Works

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, December 15.

The "Financial Time's" Dundee correspondent, says that the firm of Thomas Duff and Company has practically completed arrangements to acquire a controlling interest in Angus Jute Works, Calcutta.—Reuter.

British Treasury Estimate

LONDON, Dec. 15.

A Treasury supplementary estimate reveals a provision of about £3,500,000 will made in the current financial year in substitution of payments due from the Irish Free State.

The Revenue from duties on the Free State goods up to December 3, is one and threequarter million sterling below this amount.—Reuter's Special.

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T R8646

Profession

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY for good profit every week. One Horse Certainty Rs. 25. Rs. 10 in advance and Rs. 15 after the horse has won. Our last certainty was TOUT-A-COUP which gave Rs. 362-8. Come and avail yourself of this chance! Time: 2 to 7 p.m. Race days 11 to 12 a.m. Shree Ram Building, near Parsi Fire Temple, 2nd Floor, Phone No. 21968.
P R 8662

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E R 225

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GOVERNMENT announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Bombay Municipality

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply during the year 1933-34 of:—

(a) Iron castings of various sizes weighing approximately 400 cwts.
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Tenders will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on FRIDAY, the 6th day of January, 1933.

Tenders should be sealed and superscribed "Tender for Castings" addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant with a deposit of Rs. 500 each for (a) and (b).

The Mechanical Engineer will, on application at his Office at the Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, give any further information that may be required

Forms of tenders will be issued by the above mentioned officer on payment of Rupee one per form which will, in no case, be refunded.

(Sd.) T. K. RODDAN.
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices,
13th December, 1932.
5972

The Okha Salt Works, Limited

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on 29th December, 1932, at the Registered Office, Navsari Building, Hornby Road, Bombay, at 5 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Accounts for the year ending 31st August, 1932 and to declare a dividend.
2. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business that may be brought forward by the chairman.

By order of the Directors,
KAPILRAM LTD.
Agents.

Bombay, 9th December, 1932.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 22nd December, 1932 to 31st December, 1932, (both days inclusive).
5975

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

ELECTION OF A MUNICIPAL COUNCILLOR TO FILL A CASUAL VACANCY IN THE C (Bhuleshwar) WARD.

The above BYE-ELECTION being a contested election, I hereby publish, as required by Section 27 (2) of the Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended up to date, the names of all persons validly nominated with their respective abodes and descriptions:—

Serial No	NAME OF THE CANDIDATE.	ABODE.	DESCRIPTION.
1.	Mr. BALKRISHNA JANOJI DEVRUKHKAR.	Gordhandas Mansion, Suparibag Road.	Social Worker
2.	Mr. BHOLANATH PURSHOTAM WADKE, M.L.C.	"Twastashram", 9, Bhandari Street.	Chartered Architect.
3.	Mr. DWARKADAS SUNDARDAS NARAYANDAS, B.A., LL.B.	384 M. Kalbadevi Road.	Solicitor.
4.	Mr. JAMNADAS HARAKHJI SANGHAVI.	80-84, Dadyseth Agiary Street.	Merchant.
5.	Mr. RATANSI JETHA, B.A.	64-D, Old Hanuman Lane.	Merchant.
6.	Mr. SUNDARDAS MORARJI KAPADIA.	404-A, Kalbadevi Road.	Merchant.

The poll will be taken on TUESDAY, the 20th December, 1932, from 7-30 A.M. to 6-30 P.M. (Bombay Time) at the Esplanade Maidan, opposite the Elphinstone High School.

Ballot tickets will be supplied only to persons appearing to be entitled to vote, and each such person will be supplied, on personal application, with one ballot ticket.

No ballot ticket will be supplied except on production of an official slip (bearing the voter's number) supplied to the voter either by the Municipal Slip Clerk or by the candidate.

In the case of a Company other than a Joint Stock Company or a firm entered in the Ward Roll as a voter, the ballot ticket will be issued to the member of such Company or Firm whose name already appears in the Roll or to the member whose name has been communicated on or before 5 P.M. (Bombay Time) on the day fixed for the election to the Assessor & Collector under Section 28(e) of the Municipal Act as having been authorised to vote at the Ward election on behalf of such Company or Firm, or, where no such name has been so communicated, to any person who produces to the Polling Officer a properly executed general power of attorney from such Company or Firm.

The Polling Superintendent will give such assistance as may be required to any voter who is, by reason of illiteracy or physical or other disability, unable to vote in the manner prescribed.

No persons except the voters, the candidates, and their agents authorised by the Municipal Commissioner in this behalf will be allowed to enter the polling booth. The candidates and their agents will not be allowed to stay in the ballot box compartments or in the adjoining passages except for such time as may be necessary for registering their own votes.

AFTER A VOTER HAS RECEIVED HIS BALLOT TICKET, NO CANDIDATE OR HIS AGENT WILL BE ALLOWED TO COMMUNICATE WITH HIM IN ANY MANNER WHATSOEVER.

The attention of candidates and voters is invited to Sections 171-B, 171-C, 171-D, 171/E; and 171/F of the Indian Penal Code (XLV of 1860) as amended by the Indian Elections Offences and Enquiries Act XXXIX of 1920.

H. K. KIRPALANI,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 14th December, 1932.
5970

NOTICE

The BARODA COLLEGE GOLDEN JUBILLEE CELEBRATIONS take place on the 25th December followed by the Annual Social Gathering. Past students are cordially invited to join. A Jubilee book of the College is being prepared and all who contribute Rs. 5|- or more will be presented with a copy when ready. The balance from contributions will be devoted to a memorial, so it is hoped that old students will subscribe generously.

Those desirous of joining will kindly send their contribution, or promise thereof, and their address to the undersigned before the 22nd December on receipt of which an invitation card will be sent.

The function will commence at about 4-30 p.m. on the 25th inst.

A. K. TRIVEDI,
Professor, Baroda College.
5974

AUCTION SALES

MENESSE & Co.,

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE BOMBAY PORT TRUST DOCKS.

In accordance with Section 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Acts of 1879 and as from time to time amended under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks, Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 20th December, 1932, at 2 p.m. in the Liquor Shed (Sale Warehouse) at Alexandra Docks, the following goods:—

Wines, Whisky, C. P. Goods and scientific models; ammories; woollen socks; chemicals, etc.

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Legal Notices

In the District Munsif's Court, Cannanore

O. S. No. 455 of 1932.

GORDHANDAS KIMJI SAIT ..... Plaintiff.
KRISHNA GOVIND TINDAL, of Pattamar Balkrishna Prasad, No. 2457 and 2 Owner Govindnarain ..... Defendants.

The defendants are hereby informed that substituted service of their summons has been ordered by the Court and that in default of their appearance on the 22nd Dec., 1932, the Suit will be proceeded with exparte.

T. KRISHNAN,
Plaintiff's Pleader.

Cannanore,
30th Nov., 1932.

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BONAFIDE Auction Sale on SUNDAY, 18th instant, at 10-30 A. M. (S. T.) of specially made teak and Blackwood complete household and Office Furniture, Tilting chesterfield and Velvet lined drawing room suits. Silver show cases. Gramophone. Singer Machine. American Roll top table, Drawing room cabinets. Carved furnitures, Wardrobes. Glassware etc. at Chowpatty Sea Face, next to Vianelli's Restaurant. Property of Mr. X. Green and others.

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Daily at 5-30, 8, and 10-30 p.m.

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FRIDAY 16th December.

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Opposite Albless Baug, Charni Road.
A show full of thrill and Amusements.
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World-famous
Mr. DERINO
With his CAR in
GLOBE OF DEATH
PROF. LAW-KEEWAH:—The Chinese Magician
and
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ENTRANCE-FEE FREE.

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JANET GAYNOR
CHARLES FARRELL
In Fox Romance
"Man Who Came Back"
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In Great Adventure-Talkie
"Around The World In 80 Minutes

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Messrs. DALAL MEHTA & CO Auctioneers, will, under instructions from Messrs. Khandvala & Chhotalal, Attorneys for the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Haji Noormahomed Haji Umar, the Mortgagor in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated 12th December, 1931 and made between the said Mortgagor and the Mortgagees, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned property on FRIDAY, the 16th December, 1932, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises.

ALL that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house, standing thereon situate, lying and being at Lady Jamshedji Road, Mahim, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 4880 square yards (in the City Survey Register shown 4903 square yards), or thereabouts and premises are registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 11, 414; New No. C|3457; Old Survey No. 5|92; New Survey No. D|32 and Cadastral Survey No. 851 of Mahim Division, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "G" Ward Nos. 5015(1), 5018(2), 5018(3), 5018(4), 5019(1), 5019(2), 5019(3), 5019(6), 5019(8), 5019(9), 5019(10), 5021(3-A), 5019(3-B) and Street Nos. 346, 346a, 346b, 346c, 347, 347a, 347b, 347e, 347G, 347H, 347I, 349ac, and 349bb and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East by the property of St. Michael's Church and partly by the property of Damodar Shrikison; on or towards the West partly by the property of Doongersey Pragji and partly by the property of Madhavji Shivji; and on or towards the North by the property of Umersey Damodar and on or towards the South by the property of St Michael's Church.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, please apply to Messrs. Khandvala & Chhotalal Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their Office at 35, Medows Street Fort, or to the undersigned.

DALAL MEHTA & CO.

UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE OF SHREEMANT SAYAJEERAO GAEKWAR OF BARODA

GANDHARVA NATAK MANDALI

at the

BALIWALA THEATRE, Grant Road.

SATURDAY 17-12-32 AT 9 P.M.

"Sanshay Kallol"

SUNDAY 18-12-32 AT 3-30 P.M.

"Swayamvar"

Booking daily from 8 to 11 a.m and 2 to 8 p.m. at the Theatre.

AUCTION SALE

BENNETT & Co.,

120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES SITUATE AT PORTUGUESE CHURCH ROAD, DADAR, NEAR ANTONEO SILVA SCHOOL AND KALBADEVI ROAD, OPPOSITE NUR NARAYAN TEMPLE.

Under instructions from Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for Mr. F. E. Dinshaw and Mr. Dinshaw K. Daji the executors of the late Mr. Pooranmal Gulji Singhanee, Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, the following properties on the dates mentioned below.

LOT No. 1—(TO-DAY) FRIDAY, the 16th December, 1932 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises:—

ALL THAT piece or pension and tax ground known as Ramperao situated at Lower Mahim, Dadar, bearing Collector's Old Nos. 343.345 New No. A|4673 of Pension and Tax Tenure and bearing Old Survey No. 357, New Survey No. 1A|1450, admeasuring about 7501 square yards together with the Cocoanut and other trees and the messuages tenements, dwelling houses and huts standing thereon and assessed by the Municipality under G Ward No. 4321 (1) (2) (3) and 4322, street No. 681, 681 (A, and B) and 682 Portuguese Church Road and Cadastral Survey No. 143 of Mahim Division and bounded on the East by the Municipal Road recently constructed on the West, partly by the property of Mr. M. J. Murzalo and partly by the property of Mr Haji Aboobakar Haroon, on the North partly by the property of Hetkari Bhandari Mandal and partly by the property of Mr. Janardhan Anant Dhru and on the South by the Portuguese Church Street.

LOT No. II.—On MONDAY, the 19th December, 1932 at 4 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises:—

ALL That piece of land with the messuage tenement and dwelling house standing thereon situate at Kalbadevi Road, admeasuring about 367 square yards bearing Collector's Old No. 461, New No. 2450, 2451, 2440, Pension and Tax bearing C Ward No. 5800, 5802, street Nos. 226 to 230, New Survey No. 493 492, and part of 491, Cadastral Survey No. 1698, Bhuleshwar Division and bounded on the East by Kalbadevi Road on the West by Khanderao Wadi Road on the South by the house of Pooranmal Goolji Singhanee and on the North by the house of Harbilas Gangadhar.

LOT No. III.—On MONDAY, the 19th December, 1932 at 4-45 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises:—

ALL that piece of land with the messuage tenement and dwelling house standing thereon situate at Kalbadevi Road and Khanderao Wadi admeasuring about 296 square yards, bearing Collector's Old No. 461 of Pension and Tax, bearing C Ward No. 4127, 4128, street Nos. 232-234, New Survey No. 491 Cadastral Survey No. 1699, Bhuleshwar Division and bounded on the East by Kalbadevi Road on the West by Khanderao Wadi Road on the North by the house of Pooranmal Goolji Singhanee and on the South by the house of Dayaram Sabharam.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the Executors of the late Mr. P. G. Singhanee, at Mercantile Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT AND CO.

THE EXCELSIOR
To-day at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
THE SCREEN'S SUPREME THRILLER
"IGLOO"
FILMED MIDST THE ICY TERRORS OF THE ARCTIC CIRCLE
By
AN ESKIMO CAST

THE EMPRESS
6-30 and 10 p.m.
GRACIE FIELDS
in
"SALLY IN OUR ALLEY"
A Radio Picture.

OPERA HOUSE
FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY
SATURDAY and SUNDAY
17th and 18th Dec. at 6-30 p.m.
SRIMATI MRINALINI CHATTOPADHYAY
presents
THE SHAMMA PLAYERS
in
"TUKARAM"
(PLAY IN ENGLISH, SONGS IN HINDI & MARATHI)
with
HARINDRANATH CHATTOPADHYAY
SUNALINI DEVI
And Other Talented Artists.
Prices Rs. 4/8, 3/6, 2/4 & 1/2.
Booking at S. ROSE & CO.
Half Rate for Bonafide Students.

Have Patience

CARLTON Talkies

(Late RIALTO)

will take only few days more to open

HALLO! CITIZENS! LOOK HERE!
BIGGEST ATTRACTION (OF THE WEEK)
Commencing To-morrow
IT'S THE REMARKABLE TALKIE-TRIUMPH OF BHARAT MOVIETONE.
"KHUDA-DOST"
100 per cent Talking; Singing and Dancing picture with the story of a great King
"KHUDA-DOST"
who made a great sacrifice with the famous songster Master Mahomed and others.
GLOBE TALKIES
Sandhurst Road.

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City & Suburbs

TO-DAY

Hindu—Magsar, Vad 3. 1980.
Muslim—Shaban 17, 1351.
Parsi—Tir 11, 1302.
Sunrise—7h. 3m.
Sunset.—6h. 4m.
Hightide.—2-00. 13-40.
Lowtide.—8-14. 19-35.
Phase of the Moon:—Last Quarter 21st. Dec. 1h. 52m. a.m. New moon 27th Dec 4h 52m. p. m.
Lady Willingdon visits the Children's Home at Umarkhadi, De Lisle Road Infant Welfare Centre and the K. E. M. Hospital.
SATURDAY, December 17.
s.s. "Comorin" with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Races: Fifth Day of the Winter Meeting: Lord and Lady Willingdon attending in state.
Lord and Lady Willingdon leave Bombay from Victoria Terminus.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EXCELSIOR:—"Igloo" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p. m.
CAPITOL:—"Tarzan The Ape Man Daily at 6-30 and 10 p. m.
PATHE:—"White Zombie." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p. m.
WEST-END:— "Shyam Sundar." Daily at 5-30, 8 & 10-30 p.m.
GLOBE:—"Subehka-Sitara." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p. m.
ROXY:—"Lucky Girl." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE TALKIES (Byculla):—"The Man Who Came Back" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p. m.

RAHIMTULLA DISPENSARY.—The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week that ended 10th inst. was 284. Of these 187 were males and 97 females.

"3 ARTS CIRCLE".—A special meeting will take place on Sunday (18th inst.) at 5-30 p.m. at Aivani Rafat, when the Great Indian Magician Prof. Vyas will perform Magical feats.

BHAGWAT MEMORIAL FREE CLASSES.—Mr. D. B. Rege will deliver a lecture on "The First Aid" on Friday at 5-45 p.m. in the Premises of the Maratha High School Swadeshi Mills compound, Girgaon.

EDUCATIONAL REFORM CIRCLE.—A public meeting of the E.R.C. will be held at Amjumano Islam Hall (near the Times of India Press) on Sunday the 18th istant at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) when Messrs. M. C. Chagla, A H Baakza and Bangalorewalla will speak on "Need of reforms in Primary Schools of Bombay". Atiya Begum Saheba will be 1 chair. All are cordially inited.

SANTACRUZ RESIDENTS ASSOCIATION'S CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—During the month of November 1932, the numbers of patients treated was 580 males, 380 females, and 464 children, the total being 1424, average per day was 47.

The P. and O. Mail Steamer "MALOJA" with the Mails from Bombay of 10th instant arrived at Aden at 6 p.m. on the 14th instant and left there at 11 p.m. the same day.

RAHNUMA MAZDAYASNA SABHA—A public meeting under the auspicies of the Rahnumai Mazdayasna Sabha will be held (Friday) at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute's Hall, (Ravelin Street. Hornby Road, Fort), when the well known scholar Mr. Sohrab J. Balsara will delivery a lecture on "Zoroaster and his age." Mr. D. J. Trani, Solicitor will take the chair. (This meeting was originally announced to take place on 15th inst. but it had to be postponed by a day.)

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Singapore and China, per S. S. "Conte Varde" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 9-30 a.m. Saturday (17th instant.)

Mails for the Straits Settlements and Japan per S. S. "Alipore" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2-0 p.m. on Saturday the 17th instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.—The O. S. K. Steamer "Hague Maru" left Moji for Bombay on Dec. 14 and is due to arrive in Bombay on January 8 via usual ports.

The Outward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Mantua" with the mails from London of the 8th instant arrived at Port Said at 9 a.m. on the 14th instant and left there at 2 p.m. the same day.

ALL-INDIA TRADE UNION CONGRESS

The adjourned meeting of the representatives of the Bombay Unions affiliated to the All-India Trade Union Congress will be held to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m. in the office of the T. U. C. at Batatawala Mansion, Lalbaug.

BHAGINI SAMAJ:—Under the auspices of the Bhagini Samaj, Prof. K. T. Shah will deliver a lecture to-day (Friday), at 4.30 p.m. at Randrodbhuvan, Girgaon, the "Questions before the R. T. C

BOMBAY RACES

Acceptances For Saturday

WESTERNER HAS IMPROVED

1st Race (1-30 p. m.)

THE NOVICE PLATE. Division I—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; and third Rs. 250. Terms for Arabs, Maidens at the time of landing, landed on or after 1st July, 1932, direct from the country of foaling. W. A. (Landing Allowance Clause in General Conditions does not apply.) Penalties—Winners once 7lbs; twice 12lbs; oftener 16lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4lbs.

Rashid 9-3; Ajil Pasha 9-2; Burzan 8-13; Richard 8-13; Taj Mahal 8-6; Summer 8-6; Quarry 8-6; Al Wajeeh 8-6; Boozer 8-6; Yawooz 8-6; Dandy Duke 8-6; Goolab 8-6; Makhool 8-6; Kutub 8-6; Miftin 8-6; Iranshah 8-6; Fiery Face 8-; Sutlej 8-6; Bahadur 8-6; Bushboosh 8-2.

2nd Race (1-55 p. m.)

THE NOVICE PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; and third Rs. 250. Terms for Arabs, Maidens at the time of landing, landed on or after 1st July, 1932, direct from the country of foaling, W. A. (Landing Allowance Clause in General Conditions does not apply.. Penalties—Winners, once 7lbs; twice 12lbs; oftener 16lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4lbs.

Al Ghazi 9-2; Saood 8-13; Pailazaman 8-13; Nafea al Khair 8-13; Nazam Bahadur 8-13; Euston 8-13; Nawazaman 8-9; Grand Duke 8-9; Permacil 8-6; Swindler 8-6; Vermeil 8-6; Zainin 8-6; Joffre 8-6; Chenab 8-6; Order 8-6; Maneck's Hope 8-2; Ridiar 8-2; Sheboob 8-2; Maarib 8-2; Maroot 8-2.

3rd Race (2-20 p. m.)

THE NOVICE PLATE. Division III—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; and third Rs. 250. Terms for Arabs, maidens at the time of landing, landed on or after 1st July, 1932, direct from the country of foaling. W. A. (Landing Allowance Clause in General Conditions does not apply.) Penalties—Winners once 7lbs; twice 12lbs, oftener 16lbs. Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under 4lbs.

Shaher 9-6; Sammandar 8-13; Al Hakum 8-13; Garraf 8-13; Grey King 8-13; My King 8-13; Talib al Khair 8-13; Saduzaman 8-13; Jawahir 8-6; Darwin 8-6; Aktoom 8-6; Ambaprasad 8-6; Sa'ad Lebnan 8-6; Salaibeg 8-6; Thankful 8-6; Young Chayna 8-6; Bahnood 8-6; Young Apollo 8-6; Shirgad 8-6; Khalif 8-6; Rezashah 8-6.

4th Race (2-45 p. m.)

THE NOEL HANDICAP—Distance 1 mile 1 furlong.

Winner Rs. 5,000; second Rs. 1,500; and third Rs. 1,000. A handicap for horses in Classes II & III.

Maybar 9-3; Carnelian 8-5; Arthur 9-0; No Argument 8-12; Tinder Gee 8-7; Message 8-4; Black Jest 8-3; Turlogh 7-11; Lis 7-6; Burnley 7-4; Killeager 7-4; Greek Burn 7-4.

5th Race (3-15 p. m.)

THE CARLISLE PLATE. Division II—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; and third Rs. 500. A handicap for horses in Class III.

Monreale 9-0; Quincy 8-12; Stinger 8-11; Rossauter 8-10, Zorawar 8-6; D'Artagnan 8-4; Dalymount Park 8-3; Meredian 8-3; Knockdon 8-3; Bridgethorn 8-1; Silver Salmon 7-7; Frater 8-1; Kirkoswald 7-12; Flying Major 7-8; Grey Cloud 7-8; Dandy Brush 7-6.

6th Race (3-45 p. m.)

THE CARLISLE PLATE. Division I—Distance 7 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; and third Rs. 500. A handicap for horses in Class III.

Douceuse 9-0; Poland 8-10; Heremia 8-8; Ballybrophy 8-6; Thaxted 8-5; Knight's Adventure 8-5; Clairette 8-3; Dios 8-3; Miss Mount 8-3; Warden 8-1; Beneventum 8-1; Winnock Bunker 8-0; Happy Warden 8-0; Woven 7-13; Roll Up 7-13; Vileika 7-8; Qui Vive 7-7.

7th Race (4-15 p. m.)

THE LADY WILLINGDON CUP Distance 1¼ miles.

A Cup value Rs. 500; and Rs. 6,000 from the fund. Winner the Cup and Rs. 4,000; second Rs. 1,400; and third Rs. 600. A handicap for Arabs in Class I.

Darianoor 10-0; Dilsher 9-10; Funny Face 9-6; Anchor 7-4; Empire 9-5; Saifuldowla 9-0; Tennyson 8-12; Khumayssa 8-9; Arab Queen 8-9; Sarsam 8-6; Cold Steel 8-4; Collector 8-3; Ghaflah 8-2; Shiniar 8-1; Shanana 8-0; Mushoor 7-12; Al Hamil 7-10; Hazima 7-3.

8th Race (4-45 p. m.)

THE VICTORY PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Winner Rs. 10,000; second Rs 3,000; and third Rs. 2,000. A handicap for horses in Classes I & II.

Iran 9-1; Glenalmond 9-0; Highness 8-13; Melesigenes 8-7; Roman Roue 8-13; Hoppy 8-3; Garcon 8-12; Financier 6-12. Chivalresque 8-10; Mulligatawny 8-4; Amsel 8-7; In the Gloaming 8-7; Charmaine 7-12; Chabootra 7-10; Sweet Potato 7-9; No Argument 7-3.

9th Race (5-15 p. m.)

THE MANCHESTER PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 5,000; second Rs. 1,500; and third Rs. 1,000. A handicap for horses in Class II.

Corcy 9-0; Seaton Ross 8-11; Facino 9-0; Glen Gowan 8-2; Farimage 8-10; Golden Trail 8-9; Radhapyari II 8-9; Dinna Taigle 7-8; Almeida 8-8; Follow Me 8-2; Little Boy Blue 8-3; Comte de Grasse 8-1; Westerner 8-0; Raphael 7-13; Serviette 7-11; Hero Worship 7-10; St. Valour 7-5

10th Race (5-45 p. m.)

THE ANDHERI PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs 700; and third Rs. 300. A handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Jodi 9-2; Orient 9-2; Prince Ghazi 9-1; Murat 9-0; Talha 8-13; Jalal 8-11; Tair al Iraq 8-11; Misyer 8-7; Ambassador 8-6; Prince Charlie 8-6; Buick 8-5; Black Beauty 8-4; Waalim 8-4; Vita 8-3; Khairi 8-2; Talmurlung 8-2; Shekib 7-13; Badruzaman 7-10; Ferdinand 7-9; Hayar 7-8; Black Pearl 7-7; Bulbul Hazar 7-5; Tara 7-4; Naji Beg 7-4.

LATEST TRACK NOTES

Highness Gallops Well

Intense activity was observed at the Mahaluxmi race-course during the week. Horses engaged on Saturday were given rousing gallops and some fast timings recorded:—

ARAB QUEEN (Howell) travelled an easy mile in attractive style. Should run prominently in the Cup.

DARIANOOR (Turtle) and DILSHER (Aldridge) were sent 6 furlongs on the grass track, both finishing well, with the former slightly in hand.

WAALIM (R. Boy) beat SHINIAR (Selby) over 9 furlongs The first named has improved.

FUNNY FACE (Brace) shaped well over 9 furlongs on the grass. A fit horse.

AL HAMIL (Simpson) galloped 9 furlongs on the grass accompanied by Indignored. Fit and well.

COLD STEEL (Carslake) put up fast timing in a mile and quarter gallop on the tan. moving well.

VELSHAN (Marrable) went 9 furlongs in fine style.

VITA (McQuade) did a fast 10 furlongs gallop.

BALLYBROPHY (Marrable) spurted 4 furlongs on the tan. Smart.

ROLL UP (Clarke) moved well in a 7 furlongs gallop. Fit and well.

KNIGHT'S ADVENTURE (Harding) beat BLACK BESS (R. Boy) over 7 furlongs. Watch him.

ZORAWAR (Whiteside) worked well over 7 furlongs.

KNOCKDON (Brace) was superior to WOVEN (Robertson) in 7 furlongs.

D'ARTAGNAN (Kirby) and QUI VIVE (Simpson) finished together in a 7 furlongs trial.

SKY HAWK (McQuade) beat FLYING MAJOR (Stokes) over 7 furlongs.

VILEIKA (McQuade) was too good for FAR APART (R. Boy) over 7 furlongs.

SILVER SALMON (Bhimrao) BRIDGETHORN (Obaid) and WINNOCK BUNKER (R. Boy) went 7 furlongs. The last named was best.

CHEERFUL (R. Boy) MUSHOOR (Bhimrao) and SHAHANA (Obaid) were sent 1¼ miles on the tan. The latter won the trial by a couple of lengths.

EMPIRE (R. Boy) was very satisfactory in a 6 furlongs gallop.

KHAIRI (Malone) shaped well over 1¼ miles.

AZROOM (R. Boy) has improved and covered 1¼ miles in good style.

PRINCE GHAZI (Marrable) galloped a mile on the tan. THE KNAVE (Bowley) stretching him over the last half mile. Fair.

MURAT (Carslake) and FAMOUS (Rosen) finished strongly over 9 furlongs. A fit pair.

SAMANDAR (Maurice) and PUNJAB (Harding) covered 6 furlongs on the tan, the former was better.

RICHARD (Ahmed Ali) went 6 furlongs. Fit.

FIERY FACE (A. Sattar) beat IRANSHAH (Harding) over 6 furlongs.

AJIL PASHA (McQuade) gave satisfaction in a 6 furlongs gallop.

NAZAM BAHADUR (R. Boy) galloped 6 furlongs. Fair.

DANDY DUKE (Howell) held SA'AD LEBNAN (R. Boy) over 6 furlongs. Watch the former

AMBAPRASAD (Obaid) and SHALI (R. Boy) went 6 furlongs on the tan. Both moved well.

AL GHAZI (Selby) was in front of WAFADAR (R. Boy) in a 6 furlongs trial.

AHDAR (Selby) moved freely over 6 furlongs.

QURARY (Stokes) pleased in a 7 furlongs gallop on the grass.

SEATON ROSS (Simpson) covered an easy 6 furlongs. Fit.

GALUMPH (R. Boy) extended LITTLE BOY BLUE over 6 furlongs. Not impressive.

RADHAPYARI (Obaid) was superior to DINNA TAIGLE (Bhimrao) over 6 furlongs.

LIS (Whiteside) held MISS MOUNT (R. Boy) over a mile. The former has improved.

TURLOUGH (R. Boy) beat CHABOOTRA (R. Boy) over 9 furlongs.

TINDER GEE (Simpson) GREEK BURN (Stokes) DALYMOUNT PARK (Robertson) and WARDEN (Hill) covered a mile. GREEK BURN did best.

HAPPY WARDEN (Robertson) held CARNELIAN (Brace) over 9 furlongs.

FINANCIER (Stokes) galloped 9 furlongs. A likely winner.

HEREMIA (Brace) beat EINGA (Peck) by a neck over 5 furlongs.

DOUCEUSE (Bowley) and MONREALE (Carslake) galloped a mile. The latter moving well.

SHELLBACK (Flynn) beat CLAIRETTE (Rosen) over 7 furlongs.

MESSAGE (Rosen) held SPINNER'S COTTAGE (Flynn) over a mile.

GARCON (Bowley) beat FACINO (Bullock) over 9 furlongs. Much improved.

AMSEL (Harding) showed to advantage over 9 furlongs. Very fit.

IRAN (Clarke) galloped 9 furlongs in good style.

MULLIGATAWNY (Whiteside) beat CHIVALRESQUE (Marrable) in a mile gallop by a neck.

GLENALMOND (Howell) galloped 1¼ miles.

BENEVENTUM (Whiteside) and LOCHMORE (Malone) joining in the last 7 furlongs. The former finished strongly.

HIGHNESS (Carslake) was in front of MELESIGENES (Bowley) in 9 furlongs gallop. The former will go close in the Victory Plate.

NO ARGUMENT (Simpson) held IN THE GLOAMING (R. Boy) over 1¼ miles.

WESTERNER (R. Boy) showed great dash when set 6 furlongs. Should win again.

FARIMAGE (Howell) impressed in a 6 furlongs gallop.

GREAT PEARL (Aldridge) held FOLLOW ME over 6 furlongs.

SERVIETTE (Whiteside) was better than KIRKOSWALD (Selby) over 6 furlongs.

CASE AGAINST A. T. SHEIK

Khandalkar Narrates Incident Of May 19

NO CASE MADE OUT, SAYS DEFENCE COUNSEL

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. G. L. Khandalkar and Mr. B. S. Gaikwad, the President and Treasurer respectively of the Girni Kamgar Union figured to-day as defence witnesses in the Court of Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, when the case of Abdul Tyeb Sheik, an Ex-Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress was taken up for hearing.

Mr. Sheik is charged with having wrongfully restrained some new workers from getting into the Khatau Makanji Mills on May 19, 1931, when the workers of the Mill were on strike. It is stated by the prosecution that the accused and another person, who has already been convicted for the some ogence, stood in front of a lorry, full of new workers near the main gate of the Mills with the intention of preventing them from getting into. These new workers had been enlisted by the Mill authorities, who having failed to come to an understanding with the strikers wanted to start the work of the Mill with new workers. It is further alleged by the prosecution that consequent on the lorry being prevented from getting in, there was a big fight between the strikers and the newcomers, which was stopped by the timely arrival of the police who arrested Sheik with another man.

MR. KHANDALKAR'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. Khandalker in his evidence stated that he was the President of the Girni Kamgar Union and the Union was conducting the strike. On May 19 a meeting of the mill strikers was held in a compound near the Mills where many strike leaders including the witness, Mr. Gaikwad and Mr. Sheik addressed the meeting. The meeting terminated at 9.15 a.m. Then the leaders including the accused were sitting in a quiet place near the Mills and were discussing about further negotiations when one of the strikers ran upto them and informed them that a lorry full of new workers had arrived at the mill gate, and that there was some trouble. All the leaders including Shik rushed towards the gate. The accused was ahead of the others, and was trying to pacify the crowd, and requesting them not to create trouble, when a police sergeant came and arrested him.

Mr. Gaikwad also giving evidence for the defence corroborated what had been stated by Mr. Khandalker.

DEFENCE VERSION.

Mr. M. G. Vyavaharker, the defence counsel, arguing his case, stated that no case had been made out by the prosecution against the accused. According to Section 341, the accused cannot be convicted if the person restrained consented to his being prevented from getting in. The prosecution had not led evidence to show that either the lorry driver or the new workers had not consented to be prevented from getting into the Mill compound. Neither the lorry driver nor the occupants of the lorry had been called as prosecution witnesses and hence no case had been made out against the accused.

The Magistrate called upon Mr. De Cunha, the Police Prosecctor to reply to the legal points raised by the defence.

The Police Prosecutor admitted that the legal point raised by the defence was a very substantial one, as they had not got the lorry driver or any of the new workers, who were prevented as witnesses.

COURT WITNESSES.

The Magistrate asked the prosecution to get the lorry driver and if possible some of the new workers who were in the lorry as Court witnesses. The case has been postponed to January 10 for further hearing.

SIKH HARMONIUM MAKER MURDERED

KHETWADI CRIME

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A murder was committed in the early hours of this morning in Nanabhai Building, 4th Khetwadi Lane.

It appears the victim Gurubuxsingh Jawaharsingh a Sikh harmonium maker, was sleeping in his room when at about 2 a.m. he heard a noise. He woke up to find that Chabbar Miya Machamiyah had managed to get in through the window. Suspecting that some foul play was intended as they were not in good terms, the victim went up to catch him. Chabbarmiya thereupon stabbed him in several places. His wife and his brother-in-law came to his rescue, but they too in turn were stabbed.

JUMPED OUT OF WINDOW.

The accused then jumped through the window to the road outside when he was caught by some passers-by.

The Lamington Road Police who took charge of the case, removed Gurubuxsingh his wife and her brother to the J. J. Hospital where the victim died soon after arrival.

MOTIVE OF THE CRIME.

It is understood that the motive for the crime to be some private quarrel. Chabbarmiya and the victim were once friends in business and at times used to have drink together. It is alleged that they had a quarrel over a woman.

The police are investigating into this case and have arrested Chabbarmiya. No further revelations are expected at the inquest.

SIR GOVIND MADGAONKAR

Broadcast Address

Sir Govind Madgaonkar will give to-morrow (Saturday) a radio broadcast at 9 p.m. on Hindu Law reform.

RELEASED

Mr. Narayan Balwant Deshpande, the well-known Bhuleshwar Congressman, was released from Nasik Jail on Tuesday last after the expiry of his term of imprisonment and arrived in Bombay on Wednesday. He is in good health.

Imperial Bank Rate Unchanged

BOMBAY, Dec. 15.

The Imperial Bank of India rate of interest on demand loans on Government paper remains unchanged at four per cent.—A. P.

LONDON/NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotation

(Special Service For "Chronicle")

T. T. ON NEW YORK
London, Dec. 15.

Previous Closing	3.28 7/8
To-day's Closing ...	3.29

T. T. ON LONDON
New York, Dec. 14

Previous Closing ...	3.28 5/8
To-day's Opening ...	3.28 1/2
To-day's Closing ...	3.28 5/8

LATEST COTTON PRICE

(Cotton Information Bureau 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

JANUARY SETTLEMENT
New York, Dec. 15.

Previous Closing Rate ...	6.03
To-day's Opening Rate ...	6.04
Difference	+.01
To-day's Closing Rate ...	5.85
Difference	—.18

BROACH EXPECTATION

April-May ..... Rs. 199

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

JANUARY SETTLEMENT
Liverpool, Dec. 15.

Previous Closing Rate ...	4.91
To-day's Opening Rate ...	5.02
Difference	+.11
To-day's Closing Rate ...	5.08
Difference	+.17

LONDON SILVER MARKET.
London, Dec. 15.

Silver Forward	17 1/16
Lower	—1 Anna
Silver Ready	17 1/ 8
Lower	—1 Anna

Market: India and America Sold.

BOMBAY MARKET
Bombay, Dec. 15.

1st Settlement	51	2	0
2nd Settlement	51	2	0
3rd Settlement	51	7	0
Gold	30	10	6
Guinea	19	4	6

CHIEF SAHEB OF AUNDH

Visits Kopran Laboratories

Shrimant Balasaheb Pantpratinidhi Chief of Aundh paid a visit to the Korpan Chemical Laboratories this afternoon at about 3-45 p. m. and spent nearnearly an hour inspecting the processes of manufacture and discussing the various activities of the Company with the management and was much impressed with the work that is being done by the Company.

A LAST DAY
OF THE 2ND WEEK
PACKED HOUSES DAILY
HUNDREDS TURNED AWAY
Don't Miss This Opportunity.

THE CAPITOL
Bombay's Leading Talkie House.
3 SHOWS TO-DAY
4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.
Come To the Matinee at 4 P. M.
And Avoid Being Crowded Out
40,000
HAVE ALREADY SEEN IT
There is bound to be a Reason
COME ALONG NOW & SEE
TARZAN
The Ape Man
Starring
The World's Champion Swimmer
JOHNNY WEISSMULLER
Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's
GIANT JUNGLE THRILLER
Also Showing the Latest
FLIP THE FROG CARTOON
Advertisement Board Passes will only be allowed and those too for the 4 P. M. show only.

PATHE CINEMA
TO-DAY 3-30, 6-30 & 10
WHITE ZOMBIE
WITH
BELA LUGOSI
OF
DRA A FAME
THE ABSOLUTE PEAK OF ALL MYSTERY DRAMAS, IN COMPARABLE, BAFFLING AND HAUNTING
The story of a friend who placed the woman he desired under the strange spell of
WHITE ZOMBIE
TO-MORROW
PLATINUM BLONDE
A RAPTUROUS COMEDY DRAMA
With
JEAN HARLOW
AND
LORETTA YOUNG

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

CALCUTTA, Dec. 15.

Jute shares opened slightly easier, but as the session advanced, improved gradually and moderate turnover resulted. Towards close, however, the market reacted and closed at lowest of the day. In Coals enquiry remained steady and limited business was put through. Teas were dull. Miscellaneous section disclosed no special feature. In Securities only 3-1/2 per cent. paper was quiet, while others remained steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—3-1/2 per cent. paper 73/12; 4 per cent. loan 1960/70 94/11; 4 per cent. loan 1934/37 98/6 4-1/2 per cent. loan 1955/60 95/2; small lots. 5 per cent. loan 1940-43 102/4; 5-1/2 per cent. loan 1938-40 103/12 small lots; 6 per cent. bonds 1933 /36 101/13.

Railways:—Bankura Damodar River 64.

Cottons:—Kesoram 3/9.

Coals:—Amalgamated 12/4; Bengal 213 small lot; Seebpore 10 premium.

Jutes:—Anglo India 251/8 small lot; Barnagore 113 small lot; Champdany 136/8; Dalhousie 320 small lot; Clive 21/6 small lot; Howrah 37/13; India 100; Kamarhatty 368; Kanknarrah 349 small lot; Naihati 332; National 17/6; Orient 174/8; Union 344 small lots.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Telephone ordy. 10/14; Benares electric 10; Bhatpara Power ordy. 76; Indian Standard wagon ordy. 40/7; Indian Standard Wagon pref. 98; Triton Insurance 159; Indian Wood products 24; Tide Water Oil 8; Titaghur paper ordy. 12/10.

Tea Shares:—Huldibari Tea 9/8.

Debentures:—5-1/2 per cent. 1911/26/41; Union Jute Mills Debenture 101/12.

Sugar Shares:—Bharat Sugar 11/4; Cawnpore 32; Cawnpore pref. 129; Samastipore 15/7.—A. P.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1932

THE LONDON FIASCO

The London Conference is nearing its doom. The divergence of viewpoint on all crucial questions of nation-building in India, between the British Official delegates and Government's chosen representatives for India, is so great that their only concern now is to try and make the most effective camouflage that can possibly be devised to save the face of the participants in in this "purdah" conclave, whose achievements inspired news messages find it difficult to describe. The British Government's most prominent representatives are occupied this year with the American Debt problem, just as they were preoccupied last year with Britain's own economic crisis.

SECONDARY ISSUE.

The Conference has, therefore, strictly speaking, never received that undivided attention from the British members that the real magnitude of the problem of India demands. And because the really driving forces of the British Government are unable to attend to the Conference whole-heartedly, the smaller fry and subordinate officials are having it all their own way, and presenting their Chiefs with "faits accomplis" which then the Chiefs themselves are powerless to correct.

IGNORING INDIAN DEMAND.

The result, in this case, is that the main issues remain without any agreement, let alone the greatest possible measure of agreement; and, in consequence a laboured official telegram gently breaks the news that the British Government are free to decide upon their own solution on every point on which they can plead the absence of agreement amongst the Indians. They have already tried that dodge in regard to the communal tangle, and they are now playing it in regard to the Federal Relations and Financial Safeguards. This means that the Constitution so framed would only be an apology for a progress, which the Moderate sentiment in India was deluded into hoping would be obtained in London, and which the Liberal stalwarts are now powerless to prevent even becoming a retrogression,—in substance, if not in terms.

DISILLUSIONED.

Whatever, the outcome of the London show ultimately, the fact of its abject failure will not be long concealed from the people. Not all the legal acumen of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, nor all the casuistry of his junior Mr. Jayakar, nor all the effrontery of Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas of the Indian Merchants' Chamber memories, will suffice to make the results of the Third Conference appear anything but a most dismal failure. What, then, will these disillusioned veterans do on their return? How will Sir Purshottamdas turn to account his brazen disownment of the Indian Commercial classes, which made him what he had been before he deliberately kicked away the ladder by which he mounted to his present place? How will the veteran Moderates meet the undisguised challenge of the Government of India in their Ordinance Bills and their Ottawa Pacts? How would, in time, the true nationalist still at large meet this menace of retrogression? Would they, even now, set their hearts to something more constructive than Oliver Twistism ad infinitum?

THE DANGER.

It is misfortune enough that the main portion of the nationalist political energy in the country is under physical restraint and such fraction of it as is still able to express itself, with reservations,—is being diverted to a purely social issue. When, a couple of months ago, it was a question of the equal political rights of the Hindu Depressed Classes, we had not the slightest hesitation in ranging ourselves on the side of those, who,—having been in the first instance responsible for the situation at all developing in the manner that it had done,—were battling against the injustice and inequality being perpetuated for all time to come. Gandhiji's fast concentrated attention on the issue and hastened the progress of a settlement which changed a vital aspect of the Premier's Award. But the country must not fail to notice the danger involved in concentrating its energies solely on a social issue. The work for the eradication of untouchability must, of course, proceed but the struggle for securing adequate recognition for the Indian political demand must not be allowed to drift into the background. The protest against the imposition upon India of a constitution which the country cannot accept, a constitution in the shaping of which its real representatives had no hand or part must not slacken.

"CRAWLING FORWARD".

Attempts will continue to be made in Britain to mislead her people into the belief that the Bill which the MacDonald Government will present to Parliament registers an advance towards Indian self-government, which is far more generous than Indians deserve. The cry is already set up by Mr. Churchill that the Third Round Table Conference is "crawling forward" towards a goal which he regards most detrimental to India's interests. This "trustee" of India will strive hard to save the "ward" from the danger of possessing a "Western constitution." There are many like him in Britain in seats of power They will mas their forces, their political and financial influence into persuading the Tory hosts at Westminster that what must be given to India is a constitution which will leave the real direction of Indian government into British hands. It is against such imposition that India will have to struggle.

An Intriguing Situation

The sudden removal through a vote of censure of the President of the Burma Council from his office within a few days of his unanimous election to that office has precipitated an intriguing situation in that province. The circumstances that led to the vote of censure are in themselves extraordinary. When the new Council met for the first time, the only resolution with regard to the separation issue that stood on the agenda of the day was the one of which notice had been given by a Separationist Leader. Mr. Tun Pe. That resolution stated: "This Council recommends to His Majesty's Government to take steps to separate Burma from India with a constitution for separated Burma as outlined by the Prime Minister on January 9, 1932, at the Burma Round Table Conference." Some members, however, urged that they had not enough official notice of the precise terms of the resolution and that therefore, they needed some time to consider it and decide what amendments, if any, they might think fit to move. The President then adjourned the consideration of the subject; but before it came up again for discussion, several other propositions were given notice of on the issue.

SIGNIFICANT MOVE.

The President, however, ruled all these fresh motions out of order on the ground that according to the rules they could not be treated either as independent resolutions or as amendments, since they negatived the original resolution. In the absence of the full text of those fresh propositions and of the President's ruling it is not possible for us to comment decisively on that ruling. What followed the ruling is more significant. Several officials joined non-officials in moving a vote of censure on the President. Some of those who supported the vote went so far as to insinuate that the President was blinded by his past political activities and prejudices, though, as a matter of fact, he had ruled out all the fresh propositions moved by both the parties.

STRATEGY.

The question is asked why several officials took the extraordinary step of joining a vote of censure on an elected President, though he had allowed the pro-Government original resolution to stand. It may be noted in this connection that the resolution is so worded as to drive into the opposing camp those persons who accept separation on certain conditions, but refuse to accept the constitution "as outlined by the Premier." Is it possible that the Separationists wanted to withdraw that resolution and move another clouding the issue of the new constitution?

SEPARATIONISTS' GAME.

The most significant feature of the situation is yet to be told. Shortly after the President had given his ruling and before the vote of censure was moved and passed, Mr. Tun Pe, the mover of the resolution that had been allowed by the President abruptly withdrew his resolution. What does this withdrawal signify? The most natural presumption is that the mover of the resolution could not get enough support in the Council to induce him to press his motion. Yet we are told that notice has since been given of fresh resolutions in support of separation. Presumably an attempt is being made to commit the House to what may be called the principle of separation without specific reference to the constitution outlined by the Premier, which is most unpopular and which, therefore, will jeopardise even the principle of separation. It is perhaps also hoped by some separationists that the censure motion might split the anti-separationist party. But the latter will not fail to see through such tactics.

UNFAIR.

In any case, the whole procedure that has been and is being followed with regard to the issue of separation is most anomalous and unfair. If Burma alone is to determine whether she wants separation or not, she must also be given the right to determine first the conditions of federation with the other parties to the Federation. It ought to be open to all these parties to agree, if they like, to allow Burma the right of secession after joining the Federation. And, in any case, her status as a member of Federation must be made definitely clear before she is called upon to choose between Federation and separation. But at present Government deny to her the right to secede after joining the Federation, and the nature of Federation is still extremely uncertain. In these circumstances, the best course for Burma is, for the present, to refuse to accept separation on the basis of the constitution as outlined by the Premier. She must refuse to be hustled or coerced into separation.

RECORDS RELATING TO DEBT

Cabinet Not To Publish Them

LONDON, Dec. 15.

The Cabinet records, relating to the American debt a question prior to the Balfour Note, will not be published. Mr. Baldwin on behalf of the Premier, intimated this in the House of Commons replying to Mr. Lloyd George's request therefor as an aftermath of mild altercations in yesterday's debate. Mr. Baldwin said that Mr. Ramsay MacDonald declined to advise the King that it would be in the public interest to publish the documents.—Reuter's Special.

MEXICO RESIGNS FROM LEAGUE OF NATIONS

LONDON, Decr. 15.

Geneva.—Mexico has given the necessary two years' notice terminating her membership of the League of Nations owing to the country's financial situation. She explains that the step is not due to any wish to cease participation in the League's work.—Reuter.

ENGLAND-CAPE TOWN FLIGHT

Victor Smith Leaves Croydon

LONDON, Decr. 15.

Victor Smith left Croydon at 1 p.m. on an attempt at a record flight to Cape Town.—Reuter.

VOLUNTARY CUTS MUST GO

Discussion In Standing Committee

A resolution which sought to do away with the device of inflicting voluntary cuts in the salaries of the Municipal staff and inviting proposals from the Municipal Commissioner regarding the advisability of stopping increments was discussed at a meeting of the Municipal Standing Committee on Thursday.

The resolution which was moved by Mr. L. R. Tairsee was as follows: "That the Standing Committee are of opinion that the device of the so-called voluntary cut in the salaries of Municipal staff to keep down expenditure should not be resorted to every year, and request the Commissioner to submit proposals regarding the staff so as to effect a tangible saving and obviate the necessity of such temporary expedients and also to report on the advisability of stopping increments.

Mr. Hooseinalli Rahimtulla pointed out that it would be better to refer the subject matter of the resolution to the Municipal Commissioner for report beefore committing themselves to a definite decision.

Mr. Tairsee accepted the amendment which was carried.

FIVE SENTENCED TO DEATH

Sequel To Murder Of Marwari's Wife

NEW DELHI, Decr. 15.

Mr. Beckett, the Sessions Judge to-day sentenced to death five accused, namely, Fazal, Mahomed Ismail, Abdul Gani, Nathu and Ghulam Mahomed on a charge of murdering Mrs. Ramlal, wife of a wealthy Marwari merchant of Delhi and for committing a dacoity in which jewellery worth Rs 50,000 and Rs. 2,000 in cash were stolen. In convicting the accused the Session Judge remarked that all the accused were equally responsible for the crime.—A.P.

TARIFF BILL IN COUNCIL OF STATE

To Be Considered On Monday

NEW DELHI, Decr. 15.

The Council of State held a brief sitting at four this afternoon when the Ottawa Tariff Bill as passed by the Assembly, was presented.

Sir Fazli Hussain, the Leader of the House, announced that the Council will meet to-morrow to dispose off the Bengal Terrorist Bill. As for the Ottawa Bill, some members wanted it to be taken on Monday. Sir Fazli Hussain said that the Government had no desire to hurry the matter and if it was the wish of the house, then it would be taken on Monday. The President asked Mr. Ramasarandas, the Leader of the Progressive Farty, if he had any objection to discuss the Ottawa Bill on Saturday and consider it clause by clause on Monday. Mr. Ramsarandas had no objection, and the President consequently adjourned the Council till to-morrow when the Terrorist Bill will be taken up.—A P.

Notes of the Day

Doomed To Failure.

The ridiculous and pathetic efforts, of Maulana Shafee Daudi and his clique to sabotage the Unity work now proceeding at Allahabad are bound to end in failure. As Secretary of the All-India Muslim Conference, a body which has no following except that of its arbitrarily composed Executive Committee, he has issued a communique stating that the Hindu-Muslim question could only be solved on the lines suggested by his own organisation. He accuses those Muslim leaders who laboured hard to improve the work of the first Unity Conference at Allahabad of having the "crudest ideas" of the problems confronting them, but it is significant that he is compelled to recognise "the intense zeal and dogged perseverance" which animated these, broad-minded Muslim leaders and their colleagues from other communities now assembled at Allahabad.

Why Be Afraid?

Why are Maulana Shafee Daudi and his friends so unwilling to face the nationalist phalanx at Allahabad? It is their duty to be present there and convince the Unity Conference, if possible, that their pet scheme, which they claim is the scheme for solving the Hindu-Muslim problem advocated by the All-India Muslim Conference, is more worthy of adoption in the national interest than the agreement reached by the first Unity Conference. This agreement was ratified not only in principle but in major detail by the Muslim leaders belonging to all the most representative organisations of the community at their recent Conference in Lucknow. But the anti-national Muslim element has not the courage to face opposition fairly and squarely. It is determined to hold a separate show in Calcutta which the Anglo-Indian press will, of course, boost.

Persia Hits Back.

Persia refuses to be dictated to by British Imperialists and Capitalists. The Persian Government has now issued a communique, in the form of a note to the British Legation, explaining why it is impossible to continue any longer the old oil concessions which the Anglo-Persian Oil Company has so far enjoyed. The note points out, among other objections, that the concessions were obtained from the old Government of Persia under undue pressure, and that the Persian Government was not allowed to check the accounts of the Company. The Government is also understood to have appealed to the League of Nations with regard to the dispute, though the nature of the appeal is not yet clear. If the British are wise they will do well to appreciate the new order of things all over the East and to make a fresh treaty providing ample safeguards—to use their own pet term—for Persian interests.

Preferential Treatment.

It appears from a brief report of the conclusions of the Anglo-Indian Education Committee of the R. T. Conference that some special concessions have been made to the Anglo-Indians with regard to their education and that the preferential treatment they now receive will be continued to a large extent for an indefinite period. Nominally the education of the community will be part of the Provincial Cabinet's responsibility, but it is reported that the maintenance of the special machinery suggested by the committee in this behalf "will fall within the scope of the special responsibilities of the Governors for the protection of the minorities." It is bound to be a source of constant friction if the Governor comes into conflict with the Cabinet in the name of safeguarding the educational interests of the various minorities.

FORMULA FOR ASSAM

Discussion On Formation Of Cabinets

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 15.

The Unity Sub-Committee sat till late last night. Prospects of its successful conclusion are definitely brighter, though a good deal of progress has still to be made. Another postponement of the conference is therefore not unlikely.

FORMULA FOR ASSAM.

The Assam delegates have agreed to a formula whereby 116 seats are to be allotted as under: Hindus 61 (including two women); Muslims 43 (including one woman); Indian Christians 2, Tribal representatives 4 and commerce and planting 6.

Several amendments were disposed off yesterday, the subjects dealt with including the formation of Cabinets. The amended resolution regarding Cabinets is reported to read: (1) In the formation of a Cabinet for Central Government, as far as possible, members belonging to Mussalman, Sikh and Indian Christian communities shall be included by convention. Further, during the first ten years, in the formation of the Central Government, a seat shall be offered to a member of the Sikh community and the number of seats for Muslims shall be adequate; (2) In the formation of Provincial Governments, the claims of important Indian minorities of the provinces for inclusion of an adequate number of their members in Cabinets shall be recognised by convention, and the Ministry shall be jointly responsible in the Central Legislature.

INDIAN CHRISTIANS' SUGGESTION.

Indian Christians suggested that as far as the province of Madras was concerned, their community should be treated as an important Indian minority, but no decision was taken on this suggestion.—A.P.

Demands Of Sind Delegates

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 15.

The Sub-Committee of the Unity Conference is still sitting. The Sind delegates, headed by Dr. G. T. Hingorani, President, Karachi Hindu Sabha, are reported to be insisting on the following safeguards in addition to those already agreed to by the Muslims regarding Sind:—

(1) At least one-third of budgetted amount under Education shall be spent on Hindus;

(2) In case of riots, loots, etc., in any locality the community which suffers shall be compensated by the other community of the particular locality;

(3) No conversion from one religion to another will be legal of women under 25 years and men under 21 and

(4) 50 per cent. of the services should be reserved for Hindus in the Police Department both upper and lower grade.—A.P.

Sir Lallubhai Samaldas To Visit Calicut

CALICUT, Dec. 15.

Sir Lallubhai Samaldas is expected here on the 17th instant. He will pay a hurried visit to Kottakal to see the Zamorin. He will also visit Guruvayoor, to study the situation. He then proceeds to Trivandrum via Cochin to preside at the Co-operative Conference on December 21. Sir Samaldas may stay in Malabar is his services are required in connection with anti-untouchability work.—A. P.

KASTURBAI AT MANGALORE

MANGALORE, Dec. 15.

Mrs. Kasturbai Gandhi and Urmala Devi accompanied by Mr. A. V. Thakker, Secretary Anti-Untouchability League, have arrived here. They addressed a public meeting to-day exhorting people to support the Anti-Untouchability campaign. The Local Municipality will present Mrs. Gandhi with a civic address.—A. P.

Association Cup Football

LONDON, Dec. 15.

The following are the results of replays in the Association Cup Second Round:—

Coventry 3 Reading 3 (after extra time:

Hull 3, Carlisle 1 (after extra time) and

Queens Park Rangers 3, Torquay 1.—Reuter's Special.

NASIK JAIL OFFICIALS ON TRIAL

EYE-WITNESS DESCRIBES ASSAULT

GRAVE ALLEGATIONS

NASIK, Dec. 15.

An important witness Mahomed Ali Jangi, alias Safdar Khan was examined to-day in the trial of joint officials. He is a political prisoner, an M. A. of the Allahabad University and a Headmaster of schools. He gave a graphic description of the assault on Amritlal, of which he was in its later stage an eye-witness. He said he was imprisoned in yard No. 6 of the Jail and knew that Dr. Dandekar and Amritlal had been given "Chakki" for not obeying the prison rules. On the morning of the 27th October, while he was reading the Koran outside his cell, Roach and Jackson came into the yard and after talking to Dr Dandekar they came to Amritlal. He was asked if he would put his hands on his feet and on his refusal one of the warders was asked to open the door of the Cell and Amritlal was taken inside by the two jailors and two Indians

"SHRILL CRIES"

He then heeard shrill cries of a man being beaten followed by groans and assumed that Amritlal was the victim. After enduring it for some time (about 15 minutes) he wanted to plead for Amritlal and went towards the Cell, where he saw Amritlal prostrate on the floor with fetters on his feet Accused No. 5 was beating the soles of Amritlal's with his baton, which he held above his shoulder and brought down with all his might Pahilwan (accused No. 4) was beating Amritlal on the buttocks and thighs. Jackson and accused No. 3 were striking him with batons on his ribs and cheek and Roach was beating him with a heavy polo hunter on the shoulders.

"HORRIBLE SCENE."

Amritlal seemed to be semi-conscious and was groaning as if acute pain and the muscles of his fate were contorted with pain. He then saw the heavy knob fall off Mr. Roach's hunter and roll on the floor. One of the men asked Amritlal if he would now obey the order but he seemed to feeble to reply and only shook his head. On this the men resumed their beating with batons, Amritlal writhing helplessly. At the sight of this horrible scene witness said that his courage failed him and he could not intercede for Amritlal and returned to his cell. He heard Roach say "We will come to-morrow."

The party then came out of the cell. Roach and Jackson Jackson went out of the yard but accused No. 4 and 5 remained and tried to hide their broken batons in the drain. The latter's putties and also his vest had blood stains on them and he took them off and asked Banerji to wash them. Witness then went to Amritlal's cell and found him unconscious His feet and legs were swollen and his face quite purple with blood issuing from his mouth and forehead.

"GROANING ALL NIGHT."

At 10 o'clock, the Superintendent came round, but Roach told him there was nothing to report and he did not come into the yard. At 5 that evening Jackson came but said nothing for Amritlal who had had no food or medical attention all that time. Amritlal was removed to another cell and witness heard him groaning all night. Next day, the Superintendent came into the yard to deal with a prisoner who was out up for punishment, but he did not see Amritlal. Witness said he warned the warder that by not giving Amritlal food or attention, they were attempting to murder him, but they were indifferent.

The accused in turn were asked if they had anything to say at this stage of the proceedings and they all replied in the negative except accused No. 5 who made a statement.

Mr. Streatfield, the Presiding Magistrate will now frame charges against the accused.—A.P.

RE-ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, Dec. 15.

Jitendranath Ghosh, Sukumar Sen, Probhatkumar Ghosh and Santoshkumar Bhattacharjee who were arrested in connection with the second outrage on Sir Alfred Watson were discharged but were rearrested under the Special Powers Ordinance.—A. P.

Amy Continues Flight

LONDON, Decr. 15.

Mrs. Amy Mollison is continuing the Cape-England flight from Belounie, where she is held up by weather.—Reuter.

TARIFF BILL BECOMES LAW

Personalities In Ottawa Show

WHO'S WHO IN DELHI SESSION

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Decr. 15.

The special session that has concluded to-day has justified Government's hopes and dispelled their fears. Both the Ordinance Bill and the Ottawa Tariff Bill are made laws of the land, the former with the backing of a majority of the elected members and the latter, despite the opposition of the majority of elected members present.

There are certain features of the session which are without a parallel. Firstly, the Select Committee on the Ordinance Bill faced a walk-out, and the Bill itself encountered the most determined obstruction which the opposition despite its thin ranks kept up gallantly in a manner without precedent in the history of the Assembly.

Secondly, a new procedure was adopted in referring the Tariff Agreement to a Special Committee.

Thirdly, the leadership of the Opposition during the session passed on virtually from a Hindu leader to a Muslim leader, and the stand which Sir Abdur Rahim took particularly on the Ottawa Bill was one of singular merit in the present House.

Fourthly, never before were the Assembly parties so disorganised as in the present session, and never before had the parties allowed a fundamental issue like the Ottawa Tariff Bill to be made a non-party question.

Fifthly, never before were the worst opponents of Government legislation so completely won over to the Government plan as was shown by the somersault practised by Sir Hari Singh Gour, Mr. Ranga Iyer and Mr. H.P. Mody, and Dr. Ziauddin Ahmad over the Ottawa Bill Agreement.

RULINGS FROM CHAIR.

As for personalities that figured on the stage this session, some interesting impressions are left. The Chair was ever vigilant to ensure on one side fair opportunity to the minority in its opposition to the Government measures, and on the other, that the business of the session was not clogged. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola has given a number of important rulings, which have added to the heavy list of those which have already been enshrined in the Hansard.

PERSONALITIES.

Sir B.L. Mitter, the Leader of the House was responsible for the excellent, cordial relations, both in the lobbies and on the floor of the House. Mr. Haig bore the brunt of the attack this session, both in answering supplementary questions and in meeting arguments in debate, and came creditably out of the ordeal. Sir Joseph Bhore found himself successful beyond his original expectation, and his official whips had hardly any strenuous task left after the non-official supporters of the Ottawa Scheme had secured adequate support for it.

Mr. Arthur Moore was rarely absent from his seat and intervened on important occasions. Mr. Mohamad Yamin Khan and Sir Mohamad Yakub, though mostly silent, exerted their influence whenever necessary. Sir Abdur Rahim made the best speech of the session from the Opposition side. Mr. S.C. Mitra showed improvement in his technique of speech, while Mr. Seetaram Raju was effectively armed with facts. Mr. Shanmukham Chetty proved to be a very able advocate, but was not the central figure of the session. Sir Hari Singh Gour was successful in retaining the leadership of the Nationalists, but was not so effective as Mr. Rangachari was during his short stay.

The Opposition back benchers did rather well, especially Sardar Sant Singh, Mr. S.G. Jog and Mr. S.C. Sen.

Among other impressions may be mentioned Mr. Amarnath Dutt's perseverance, Lalchand Navalrai's pugnacity, Sir Abdullah Suhrawardy's satirical eloquence and Mr. Kabiruddin Ahmad's comparative silence even from interruptions.

Raja Bahadur Krishnamachariar had the best ear of the House for his speeches on the Ordinance Bill, while Mr. B. V. Jadhav broke the myth that he was a silent member of the House.

FUTURE PROSPECTS.

The next session may show some reaction, and it is expected that even party allegiances will undergo some violent changes. The Opposition parties expect to regain their power of concerted attack, as constitutional problems would make them join hands to meet on a common platform.

NOT LOWERING DUTY ON CARS

Tariff Bill Discussion In Assembly

NEW DELHI, Dec. 15.

In the Assembly to-day, Mr. Ramkrishna Reddy moved for the reduction of duty on mineral oils, 90,00,000 gallons of which he said, were being imported from the United States, and one million Gallons from the United Kingdom.

Sir Joseph Bhore declined to accept the amendment on financial grounds, and therefore the amendment was rejected.

DUTY ON BOOTS & SHOES.

Mr. B. V. Jadhav moved and Mr. Jog supported an amendment for raising the duty on boots and shoes. Sir Joseph Bhore pointed out that imports did not compete with the local industry. The amendment was lost.

Mr. Ramkrishna Reddy through another amendment raised the question of the growing motor traffic and wanted the lowering of the duty on motor cars.

Mr. Morean pointed out that the United States producers had put up output on the ground that old cars should be replaced within the next eighteen months. He said, he would have supported the amendment if it was not likely to affect the revenue of the Government.

Sir Joseph Bhore did not think it time for a general lowering of duties. Their aim was to fit in preferential tariffs without seriously dislocating or disturbing trade.

The amendment was lost.

CINEMA INDUSTRY.

Mr. Ramkrishna Reddy through another amendment pleaded the cause of the cinema film industry and wanted the lowering of the duty of ten per cent. He was supported by Mr. Jadhav who pointed out its economic importance to the country by stating that it provided employment for 13,000 persons.

Mr. Jog supporting the amendment hoped that after some time it would be possible for the Government to make a fresh enquiry and allow suitable debate to the industry.

Sir Joseph Bhore assured the House that he was watching the progress of the industry with the greatest care and every representation by the industry would be given the most sympathetic consideration, though it was not possible to accept the amendment.

In view of the Commerce Member's assurance, Mr. Reddi withdrew his amendment.

A PURE GAMBLE

Sir Joseph Bhore moved the third reading of the Bill, as reported by Select Committee.

Sir Abdur Rahim opposing the entire Bill declared that the scheme was a pure gamble and the Government was unjustified in dealing with the measure at the instance of the British Government. He declared that the Government had not supplied statistics of industrial production. He asked what their industries department had been doing. He hoped that the Government would not let the Assembly Committees recommendation remain a pious hope but that they would collect industrial material.

Referring to the effect of the Ottawa agreement, the speaker said:—"We know that such an extensive alteration in tariff is bound to affect either the consumer or the indigenous industries. There is no estimate to show who will suffer. We are told by experiment alone can we know. The tariff would be of no avail to the British. They derived an advantage at the expense of other foreign exporters and at also of indigenous industry in this country. The Finance Member's estimates on the subject must also be in the nature of a conjucture. I feel very strongly that the report of the Select Committee on the Tariff Bill does not reassure us to any extent whatever. The position remains as obscure and as full of risks-real risks to the public revenue, to the public at large and to the consumer and to whatever industries we have in this country. On these grounds I oppose the Bill."

AN ILLUMINED ROOM.

Mr. Raju said "The occasion is only to write the epitaph on the graves of our opinions in this matter. We have been beaten-badly beaten, not by Mr. Chetty nor by Sir Joseph Bhore but by our misguided countrymen who oycotted the Legislature."

Mr. Ranga Iyer referred to Mr. Raju's signature to the Select Committee report and said "The Hon. gentleman was not led into the committee room like a blinded beast but as an enlightened gentleman in an illumined room and has committed himself to the principle of the Bill."

Mr. S. C. Mitra replied that as happened in all parliaments, the opposition even when opposed to Bill and its principle provided membership for the Select Committee. "We went there, I and Mr. Raju, to minimise according to our lights the demerits inherent in the proposals."

MOTION PASSED

Sir Joseph Bhore said "The leader of the independents and two others who have spoken have done so out of a conviction that they should adhere to their original views and not with a view to convincing the House by agreement at this stage". He repeated that preferential duties covered only 2½ per cent of those imposed on articles and concluded "Those who voted against us will realise and admit that if we fought and fought strenuously on that occasion, it was because we were inspiered with the honest conviction that what we were doing was in best interests of India (Cheers). I hope that the House will let the controversy rest there for the present. (Applause).

The motion for passing the Bill was put to vote and the President declared:—"Ayes have it."

The Opposition did not press for a division and the Bill was declared passed amidst cheers.

The President adjourned the session "sine die."—A. P.

WIDE FLUCTUATIONS FORESHADOWED IN LOCAL MARKET

DROP IN 3½ PER CENT. RUPEE PAPER

(From Our Commercial Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Wednesday. 11 P. M.

"In view of the approaching Christmas holidays, the local market is likely to fluctuate widely with irregular quotations" writes our Commercial Correspondent.

The London Stock Exchange opened to-day at about unchanged quotation and ruled somewhat easy. The 3-1/2 per cent. Indian sterling loan opened at £87-3/4 and during the early part of the session declined 5 shillings to £87-1/2. In the afternoon the market was again quiet. A little selling, however, caused a further loss of 5 shillings with quotation £87-1/4.

The 3½ p.c. sterling prices opened at 3.28-1/2 and after declining to 3.28 advanced to 3.29-1/4.

The New York Sterling opened strong and recorded 3.29-7/8 but later on ruled somewhat quiet.

In the local market the 3-1/2 per cent. rupee paper recorded a decline of Re. 1 on heavy liquidation as anticipated. In view of the approaching Christmas holidays the market is likely fluctuate widely with irregular quotations.

'ZENITH' DRAKSHASAV.

Is The BEST TONIC Of The Day

POSITION OF ASSAM UNDER REFORMS

Deputation's Demands

NEW DELHI, Dec. 15.

A deputation waited on the Finance Member to-day under the leadership of the Hon. P. C. Dutt regarding the Financial Position of Assam under the Reforms. Others who composed the deputation were Mr. E. C. Benthall (Calcutta Non-official European) Mr. Fox (Assam Non-official European) and Abdul Matin Choudhary (Non-official Assam) later it was decided to send a cablegram to the Secretary of State emphasising the point of view urged by the deputation.

The deputation in a memorandum urged among other things that the excise duty on petroleum produced within the borders of Assam should be transferred to Assam. They also urged that distributable part of the income-tax should be apportioned among the Provinces on the basis of population, and that Assam be releived of the ten lakhs of rupees in respect of the Frontier tracts and four lakhs in respect of Assam rifles. They also suggested that the debts due to the Government of India be remitted, and a subvention of 50 lakhs of rupees be made to Assam from the Central Government till such time as she could do without it.—A. P.

Allahabad Success In Surmounting Obstacles

(Cotinued from page 1.)

the way, although it may involve more time.

ATTEMPT TO TORPEDO UNITY EFFORTS

(From Our Staff Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD. Dec. 15.

The latest attempt of the reactionary Muslims to torpedo the Allahabad Unity efforts is disclosed in a letter addressed by Maulvi Shafi Daudi, the Secretary All-India Muslim Conference, from Delhi inviting members of the Working Committee to attend a meeting at Delhi on December 16, to elect the President for coming session of the Muslim Conference to be held at Calcutta on December 26, 27, and 28. The tactics adopted by Maulvi Shafi Daudi and his clique are considered very arbitrary and unconstitutional.

The letter dated December 11 states that the Hindu-Muslim question in India could be solved only on the lines suggested by the All-India Muslim Conference in 1929 and further adds that "People with crudest ideas of problems have been busy overshadowing feeble actions by their intense zeall and dogged perseverence and the last of that attempts was at Lucknow and is now being made at Allahabad".

Sheikh Abdul Majid, Messrs. Sayad Zakirali and Mohamed Husain, who are all members of the Working Committee have issued a statement to the Press challenging the legality of to-morrow's Working Committee's meeting and further pointing out that the election of Presidentship is the work of the Executive Board and not of the Working Committee.

Ahmedabad.—An Oswal Jain boy named Chandu, aged 12 years, is alleged to have been stabbed by somebody in an overcrowded religious meeting of Jains at Sihor (Kathiawar) on the 4th instant. The boy succumbed to injuries the very next day.

Town Duty On Imported Bale Of Foreign Cotton

MAHOMED SULEMAN MITHA'S RESOLUTIONS

Heated Debate In Bombay Corporation

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A proposal that a town duty should be imposed on every bale of foreign cotton imported into Bombay evoked a heated discussion at the meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation to-day.

"Trade will divert from Bombay and the levy will be a handicap to the textile industry" was the warning given by Mr. H. P. Mody, who opposed the measure. The mill industry, he said, depended on foreign cotton for the manufacture of finer cloth

During the debate Dr. Choksi characterised the talk of migration of trade from Bombay as nonsense and accused Mr Mody of "changing his coat as he liked" to suit his roles as Corporator, member of the Assembly and Chairman of the Millowners' Association, to which the latter retorted by saying: "But my hat remains the same."

The abolition of the post of Hydraulic Engineer maintained on a high salary of Rs. 1,200 to Rs. 1,800 per month, as a measure of economy, was urged in a resolution moved by Dr. M. C. Javle. It reads as follows:

"That in view of the fact that the Tansa Water Works have been completed and in view of the prevailing general financial stringency, the Corporation are of opinion that the statutory post of Hydraulic Engineer on a high salary of Rs. 1,200 to Rs. 1,800 per month is no longer necessary and should be abolished and the Water Works Department should be placed under the control of the City Engineer as was the case before the statutory post of Hydraulic Engineer was created in 1911, a suitable assistant on a lower salary being given to the City Engineer to assist him in the administration of the Water Works.

"That the Mayor be requested to approach the Government with a request to amend the Municipal Act so as to abolish the post at an early date.

Dr. R. K. Vaidya moved that the subject matter of the resolution be referred to the Works Committee for an early report.

PENNY WISE POLICY.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee opposed the abolition of the post on the ground that such an important department as Water Works needed the whole time attention of a competent engineer. He thought that the underlying idea of the resolution was to treat the works deparment as unimportant and entrust the work as a side-line to the City Engineer. To do away with the present post, he thought, would be risky and "penny wise pound foolish" policy. The post should be maintained but they could exercise economy by introducing a new grade of salary.

The Municipal Commissioner said that the whole question needed to be carefully considered and he could not pass any opinion off hand. This could be done if the matter was left to the Works Committee.

The mover of the resolution in replying stated that his object was to effect retrenchment from the top and deviate from the usual policy of dismissing peons and small salaried clerks in the name of retrenchment.

The amendment referring the resolution to the Works Committee for a report was carried as a substantive proposition.

DUTY ON FOREIGN COTTON

That in the interests of Indian cotton growers, the Corporation should levy a town duty of Re. 1 on every bale of foreign cotton imported into the city as was being done in the case of Indian raw cotton imported into Bombay was the suggestion contained in a resolution moved by Mr. Mahomed Suleman Mitha. It was as follows:—

"The Corporation are of the opinion that in the interests of the cotton growers in India in general and of the Municipal finances in particular, there should be no distinction made between raw cotton imported in the city by sea or land from any part of India and the cotton imported from foreign countries in the matter of levying town duty under Section 195-A of the Municipal Act and that the Law, Revenuee and General Purposes Committee be requested to submit a draft representation to the Government with a request to undertake legislation so as to permit of this distinction being removed and all cotton imported into the city being charged town duty alike."

The mover pointed out that some months ago a resolution seeking to levy a town duty on foreign cotton was brought forward in the Corporation and the matter was referred to a Committee. That Committee had not yet submitted its report although a long time had passed. The Corporation was already charging town duty on Indian raw cotton and he did not see any reason why foreign cotton should be exempted from this duty. It was very unfair to the Indian cotton growers. He quoted figures to show that the importation of foreign cotton into Bombay had increased from 59,000 bales in 1926 to 5,38,000 bales last year.

MODY'S OPPOSITION.

Mr. H. P. Mody strongly opposed the proposed levy on foreign cotton and thought that the move was singularly ill-advised and was calculated to deviate trade from the port of Bombay and handicap the textile industry. He wanted the Corporation to do nothing by which either the provincial Government or the Central Government made the city of Bombay more expensive for imports of commodities and articles. If they supported the levy, the Corporation would itself be the culprit in the matter. Somethime ago the Government of India brought forward in the Central legislature a proposal for imposing a duty of half an anna on a pound of cotton coming from abroad. The proposal was passed with the help of the official majority although it was pointed out that this would reflect on the trade of Bombay. The speaker was afraid that the Government of India might bring forward a proposal to increase this taxation. They were not at all likely to allow the Corporation to swallow this source of revenue as they had already imposed such a tax and may regard it as imperial revenue.

As a result of the existing levy, the speaker said a great deal of foreign cotton had been deviated from the port of Bombay and the Corporation should not further help the migration of trade from Bombay. The textile industry depended largely on foreign cotton for the manufacture of finer counts of yarn which was increasing in Bombay mills and there was no use imposing the proposed levy.

Dr. Choksi saw no reason why foreign cotton should be exempt from duty while Indian cotton growers were penalised. He did not agree with Mr. Mody that the levy was going to inflict any hardship on consumers of cotton and it was nonsense to talk of trade migrating from Bombay on that ground.

TAIRSEE'S AMENDMENT.

Mr. L. R. Tairsee moved an amendment that the matter be referred to a Committee.

Prof. Davar supported the amendment and said that the question was of a complicated character and should not be decided off hand in the interests of the textile industry. The mill industry in Bombay was faced with serious competition and trade especially imports had migrated from Bombay to some Indian States. They ought to help the Indian merchants to get over this difficulty. The prosperity of the city depended on the prosperity of the textile trade and he therefore wished the question to be thoroughly examined. Instead of taxing foreign cotton he suggested that the present levy of town duty on Indian cotton should be abolished which would considerably help the textile industry.

Further debate on the question was adjourned till Monday. Earlier the Mayor announced that Mr. M. V. Modak was declared duly elected as Acting Hydraulic Engineer, for the term Mr. W. A. Niven, the present Hydraulic Engineer is on leave, i.e., till February next.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Dec. 15.

On the stock exchange the gilt-edged securities were about a quarter to half lower owing to higher rates of discount for the commercial and treasury bills as foreshadowed in the Chancellors speech yesterday. Otherwise the markets were favourably impressed by the Chancellor's statement and with better advices from abroad especially from Wall Street, practically all speculative groups closed strong. The sterling exchanges were again higher on balances. The commodity markets generally were firmer but apart from the improved demand for linseed business generally continued slow. Wall Street opened strong with increased animation but later quietened down.—Reuter.

IN THE HOME

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SOLD ALL OVER THE EAST

IN TRAVELLING

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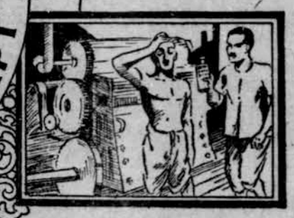
IN THE FACTORY



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RECOVERY IN COTTON PRICES WILL BE SLOW AND HESITATING

Demonstration Of Holding Power In Oomra Districts

Bombay, December 15.

The week under review commenced with the publication last Thursday of the December estimate of the American Cotton crop, state Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. The market had been prepared for a figure higher than was published the previous month, but an estimate of 12,727,000 bales was truly surprising. The action of the market since has been still more surprising for as will be seen from the prices quoted above, the nett change over the week has been a recovery of 40 points in New York. We can only come to the conclusion that when prices went down to about 5-1|2 cents, bears came to the conclusion that nothing more could be squeezed out of the market.

England to-day will pay her instalment of the War Debt to America but France, Belgium and Poland have intimated that no payment will be made by them at present. In spite of the decision of the American Congress to demand payment from all creditors, it is evident that public opinion in America is coming round to the view that the whole question of War Debts will have to be reviewed in the near future, and future payments will have to be reduced considerably. Only by the tackling of this and other pressing problems like high tariffs, disarmament and prohibition can a recovery in commodity values be brought about. The economic conditions of America particularly demand an early recovery in such values. The belief that these problems will soon be faced, must bring more support to markets like cotton, but the supply is so immense the recovery in prices will be slow and hesitating in character. We should not be inclined to buy on a day like to-day after the sharp advance of yesterday as every slight movement upwards will meet cotton for sale. We should rather favour purchases on all reactions and be content with small profits as from now on there should be many opportunities for such during the course of the next few months.

The local market has followed fully the recovery in Americans and local prices over the week are Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 higher than a week ago. The outstanding feature in Bombay has been the strength of the Oomra contract for December|January. When the market declined the farmers in the Oomra districts at once reduced the amount of cotton which they were bringing into the upcountry markets, demonstrating a greater holding power than they had been given credit for. Probably this can be explained by the large amount of gold which has been sold in these districts since England and India went off the gold standard. The cotton has been grown and will have to be marketed. The views we have expressed above in regard to the American market apply also to the Indian market, more especially as a smaller proportion of our crop has been hedged than is the case in America.

During the week there has been little evidence of fresh demand for Indian cotton, but this is a feature which is not uncommon when the market is as dull as it has been for most of the time since we wrote a week ago.

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Decr. 15.
Ellora, Denne, Karachi
Carthage, Jack, London.

DEPARTURE
Bombay, Decr. 15
Orna, Redwood, Calcutta

LOADING
Bombay, Decr 15
Steamer Bankura for Busrah.
Steamer Vasna for Busrah
Steamer Comorin, London

S.S. Ellora:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's steamer Ellora arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Orna:—The B.I.S.N. Co's steamer Orna will sail to-day for Calcutta with a general cargo.

U. S. Farm Relief Measure

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee's Liverpool friends in the course of their letter state:—

"According to the New York Cotton Exchange Service, strong agitation is developing in agricultural circles for controlling production with a view to raising prices. Briefly the scheme provides for the payment of a bonus to the producers of the chief farm products for reducing their output. It is produced to raise the funds for meeting the bonus by a tax on the consumers of the products. Spinners it seems would pay 5 cents on each pound of cotton spun and millers 42 cents on each bushel of wheat used. Although this plan is hardly likely to be practicable it demonstrates that farmers are anxious to find means of improving their present position."

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MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 15.

B. C. RATE—
T T 1|6 1|8.
D D 1|6 1|8.

LONDON—
Banks Selling T T 1|6 5|32 Dec|Jany.
Banks Selling D D 1|6 5|32.
Banks Selling T T 1|6 1|8 Feby|March.
Banks Buying T T 1|6 7|32.
Banks Buying D D 1|6 1|4.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 9|32 Dec|Feby.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 1|4 March|May.

NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 402.
Banks Selling T T 400.
Banks Buying T T 398.

PARIS—
Banks Selling D D 636.
Banks Buying D D 646.

AMSTERDAM.—
Banks Selling D D 61-1|2.

JAPAN—
Banks Selling T T 85.
Banks Buying 60 Days 78.

HONGKONG—
Banks Selling D D 87 1/8.

SHANGHAI—
Banks Selling D D 113-1/4.

SINGAPORE—
Banks Selling D D 154 3|8.

JAVA—
Banks Selling D D 61-1|2.

BERLIN—
Banks Selling D D 103 1|4.

CROSS RATE—
New York—London 3.28 7|8 14th inst.
Shanghai—London 1|8 3|8 15th inst.
Japan—London 1|3 1|4 15th inst.
London—Paris 84.25 14th inst.
London—Belgium 23.75 14th inst.
London—Switzerland 17.11 14th inst.
London—Italy 64.12 14th inst
London—Berlin 13.81 14th inst.
London—Holland 8.18 14th inst.
London—Stockholm 18.34 14th inst.
London—New York 3.28 7|8 14th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady, Dull.

Gold £6.6.5 13th inst.: £6.5.6 14th inst.

Silver London Ready 17 5|16 13th inst.; 17 1|8 14th inst.

Silver London Forward 17 3|8 13th inst.; 17 3|16 14th inst.

Silver New York Ready 2? 5|16 13th inst.; 25 7|16 14th inst.

London Discounts 3 Mos. 7|8 per cent 13th inst.; 1 per cent 14th inst.

London Discounts 6 Mos. 1 1|16 per cent 13th inst.; 1 1|4 per cent 14th inst.

Imperial Bank Rate 4 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

Money:—
Call 1|2 per cent.
3 Mos. 2-1|4 per cent.
6 Mos. 2 3|4 pe crent.
Tone:—Easy.

"DESECRATION OF BUDDH-GAYA TEMPLE"

Representation To Governor

CALCUTTA, (By Mail.)

Important correspondence was recently passed between Sri Devamita Dhamapala, founder and Director-General of the Mahabodhi Society, Calcutta, and the Officiating Chief Secretary to the Government of Bihar and Orissa regarding that Rev. Dhammapala characterised as "the desecration of the Budh-Gaya temple by the menials of the Mahant". The following are extracts from the letter of Rev. Dhammapala to His Excellency the Governor of Bihar and Orissa on October 30, last.

"I am requested by the Buddhists of Ceylon to request that your Excellency will be pleased to see that the desecration of the Budh-Gaya temple by the menials of the Mahant be stopped.

"The late Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, Sir John Woodburn, adviseTd us to go into a court of law to get an order of injunction to stop the desecration, and also an eminent lawyer advised us that this desecration could be stopped if an order of injunction is obtained. Now for 40 years, we have been trying by every peaceful means to stop the desecration but the menials of the Mahant ascend the sacred altar and deface the image by putting an offensive mark on the forehead of the image. We, therefore, trust that Your Excellency will kindly, go into the matter and see that the Mahant, who is a Sivite, will be constrained to stop this desecration which is so offensive to all the Buddhists.

"Since 40 years we are going through every kind of humiliation, and I hope that your Excellency will have the graciousness to see that justice be done, and the history of the Budh-Gaya temple show how things have been managed and cared for during the last 2,000 years."

GOVERNOR'S REPLY.

In the course of a reply to Rev Dhammapala of the Officiating Chief Secretary to the Government of Bihar and Orissa wrote:—

"I am directed to say that the respective rights in the Budh-Gaya temple of the Buddhists and Hindus were settled by the Government of Bengal when the Gaya district was still included in that province, and the Governor in Council sees no reason to suppose that the matter should be re-opened at the present time. He has no reason to suppose that any obstacle is placed in the way of the Buddhists who desire to worship in the temple."—A.P.

MILL MANAGER IN POLICE COURT

Magistrate Frames Charges Of Cheating

Carges of cheating were ramed agasint Mr. Ramsing Doongersing Manager of the Morarji Goculdas Spinning and Weaving Mills Co. Ltd. Bombay at the Dadar Police Court, in respect of Rs. 2,510 at the instance of Mr. Pratap Narain, a retired accountant of the Allahabad Bank, Ltd., and at present a finance broker.

The complainant's allegations were that in March, 1929, he advanced to the defendent Rs. 2,510 on the security of certain life policies of the Caledonian Life Insurance Co., Ltd., London, to the value of £1,500.

On June 25, 1930, the defendent was adjudicated an 'insolvent. In the schedule filed by the defendent, he had put the name of Gokul Narain and Co. as un unsecured creditor for Rs. 2,510.

The complainant further learnt that the defendent had, instead of sending the life policies to London as he had represented he would, pledged them with Mr. Pannalal Umedram towards his debt of Rs. 9,000, shortly after he had taken them from the complainant.

NEGOTIATIONS FOR LOAN.

Mr. Ramnikrai Suntokeram Mehta, Manager of the Lallubhai Samaldas Co-operative Bank, Limited was examined for the complainant. He deposed that in the third week of March, 1929, the complainant brought to him several insurance policies of the defendent and negotiated for a loan of Rs. 4,000. Witness found that the policies had lapsed and told Pratap Narain that nothing could be done till the premia had been paid and the policies revived.

The complainant saw witness again on April 8 and gave him an application for loan and another application for membership, signed by the defendant. Pratap Narain also gave the policies to the witness. Three days later the papers were placed before the directors of the Bank and they agreed to give the loan on production of the premia receipts and the registration of the assignment in the books of the Caledonian Life Insurance Co. Witness then returned the papers to Pratap Narain.

NO DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE.

Cross-examined by Mr. Dhondi for the defence, witness stated that he had no documentary evidence to show that Pratap Narain had given him the policies in the third week of March, 1929. Witness could not say why the defendent applied to his Bank for the loan.

Further hearing of the case has been postponed to January 9

Mr. B. B. Kampani appeared for the complainant while Messrs B. J. Dhondi and R D Ratnagar defended Ramsing.

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Sriman MANI:—Writes in the "Swadesamitran":— This is the Astrologer who correctly predicted the future.

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BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

Lieutenant-Colonel H. M. Wightwick to be officiating Resident at Kolhapur and Political Agent, S. M. C. States, from 23rd October 1932.

Mr. John D'Sylva, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Belgaum, is granted leave on average pay for four months from 17th February 1933. The leave is preparatory to retirement.

Mr. C. W. A. Turner, C.I.E., I.C.S., to be Chief Secretary to Government, Political Department, from the 28th November 1932.

Dr. H. P. D'Souza, L.M. and S., B.M.S., Surgical Registrar, J. J. Hospital, Bombay, has been granted leave on average pay for three months from 28th November, 1932.

Dr. A. D'Silva, L.M. and S., B.M.S., has been appointed as a Surgical Registrar, J. J. Hospital, Bombay, from 28th November 1932.

The leave granted to Mr. J. F. Paisley, Assistant Executive Engineer, has been extended by the High Commissioner for India by one month and six days' leave.

HYDROCELE

Provakar Oil Rs. 2. The best approved remedy for all types of Orchitis, Elephantiasts, Hernia, etc. Application removes pain at once and redness size and weight soon. A single trial will convince. KAVIRAJ R. SHASTRI, B.A., Kanchrapara (Bengal).

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

Wall Street And Local Operators Buying

SCARIETY OF CONTRACTS

Bombay, Dec. 15.

Yesterday the New York cotton futures market declined during the early part on foreign selling but later advanced on strength of Wall Street and covering by Shorts. Wall Street and local operators were buying and there was scarcity of contracts. Southern hedge selling was light and the fresh buying was mainly influenced by the firm undertone in stocks. Cotton is held by strong hands. The technical position of the market is sound. we advise purchases on all declines.

The market opened at about the lowest level of the day at a decline of 6 points on foreign selling. There was heavy buying and prices kept on improving on heavy buying and short covering and a rise of 30 points was registered. The market closed at about the highest level at a net rise of 24 to 23 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 30 points at 6.20c.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was very steady and closed at a rise of 20 to 25 points. Spot cotton prices advanced at a rise of 25 points at 6.06c.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 3 points. Good Alexandria advices lent tone to Americans. Later there was Bombay buying which was met by hedge selling, otherwise the market was quiet. The market closed at a decline of 2 to 1 point, Middling American spot cotton prices advanced one point at 5.14d. per lb.

East Indian cotton futures closed at a decline of one point and Egyptian cotton futures closed at a rise of 3 points to a decline of 2 points.

The Alexandria cottotn futures cotton market was quiet and closed at a decline of 7 points.

BALANCING AMERICAN BUDGET

Messrs. Thos Smith & Co. state: "The British War-debt payment and hopes of balancing the American budget has caused a better feeling in Wall Street.

The resignation of the French Government was disregarded in view of the British Government maintaining the Lausanne agreement. Well acquainted Democratic political observers forecast Mr. Roosevelt's policy on his assumption of office will be to re-submit the repeal of Prohibition and drastic economies in expenditure. With regard to International problems Mr. Roosevelt is reported to be in favour of closer Anglo-American relations with reciprocal reductions in tariffs and revision of War-debts based on tariff concessions on American raw products, whilst in the financial matters the issuing of larger credits may be utilised for buying American produce against payment in currencies of those countries and may be inclined to release a portion of American gold for the stabilisation of the International Bank. He is a strong advocate of disarmaments and political peace in the Far East. Should there be a revision of War-debts he may probably ask Britain at the forthcoming World's Economic Conference to revert to the gold standard and may require an undertaking regarding the stocks of Indian silver. Mr. Roosevelt believes a settlement with Britain on the above problems will be possible and will lead to a restoration to normal of commodity prices with increased purchasing power for manfactured goods."

Our opinion is unchanged.

PRIVATE CABLES.

New York, Dec. 15.

N. Y. January Highest 6.04 plus .25 Lowest 5.74—.06.

N. Y. March Highest 6.16 (2-58 p. m.); Lowest 5.86 (Opening.)

Messrs. Breul & Co. have received the following cable dated 14th inst. (5 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"Recommend purchases on all reasonable recessions as market is likely to be quickly affected to any measures liable to restore buying power."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta & Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign friends:

New York.—Fresh speculative buying encouraged by strength in stock market. Scarcity of contracts. Think cotton is held in strong hands. We think the market is now a purchase on each decline.

New York.—Trade prospects improving. Scarcity of contracts causes buyers to bid prices up to fill orders. Feeling in favour of cotton increasing. South offering less freely. If demand improves expect higher prices Scarcity of contracts. Technical position favourable.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

The Liverpool Agents cabled as under:—

New York Cables: U. S. A. Mills consumption during November 504.000 against 502.000 for October 1932, and 428.000 bales during November 1931.

New York Cables:—First Notice day January New York alttered to 23rd December.

New York: Shorts covering, Wall Street and local buying on better stocks

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Dec. 14.	
January	6.03+.24
March	6.15+.23
May	6.26+.23
July	6.36+.23
Middling Spot	6.20+.30

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York Dec. 14.	
December	5.99+.20
January	6.01+.25
Middling Spot	6.06+.25

10-55 a.m.—

January	5.76
March	5.87
May	5.99

New York. Noon Call:—

January	5.73
March	5.90
May	6.01

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Dec. 14.

	Bales
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	50.000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	4.000
Day's Exports to the Continent	3.000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Dec. 14.

16-16 a.m. To-day's Quotations closing.

December		4.91—.01
January	4.90	4.91—.02
February		4.92—.02
March	4.92	4.94—.02
April		4.95—.02
May	4.94	4.96—.01
June		4.97—.01
July	4.95	4.98—.01
August		4.96—.01
September		4.98—.01
October	4.96	4.99—.01
November		4.99—.01
December		5.01—.01
Middling Spot		5.14—.01

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Dec. 14.

SAKELLARIDIS.—	
December	6.76
January	6.82
March	6.94
May	7.04
July	7.12
October	7.23
Novemver	7.25
F.G.F. Spot	7.00

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Dec. 14.

Broach, Fully Good (Good Staple)	4.71
Broach, Fine (Good Staple)	4.83
Broach, Superfine (Good Staple)	4.95
C P.—	
Oomra, Good (No. 1 Staple)	4.80
Oomra, Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	4.95
Oomra, Choice (No. 1 Staple)	5.10
Bengal, Good	4.02
Bengal, Superfine	4.12
Bengal, Fine	4.22
Scinde, Good	4.12
Scinde, Fine	4.22
Scinde, Superfine	4.32

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Dec. 14.

Chartered Bank of I. A. and C. £13-1|2.

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank London Reg. £115-1|2

P & O. Banking Corporation £8-3|4.

National Bank of India £43.

Funding Loan 4 per cent £108-3|4.

Conversion Loan 3-1|2 per cent £99-1|4.

Rupee Paper 3-1|2 per cent £56.

Indian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan £75-3|4.

Indian Stock 3-1|2 per cent Sterling Loan £87-3|4.

Indian Stock 4-1|2 per cent Sterling Loan £107.

Consols 2-1|2 per cent £74-1|4

War Loan 5 per cent £98-3|4.

Victory Bonds, 4 per cent £107-3|4.

LONDON METAL.

London, Dec. 14.

Copper Braziers £41-1|2.

Yellow Metal £36-1|2.

Spelter. Hard Indian Brands £14-3|4.

Corrugated sheets. 24 gauge £16-1|8.

Tin English Ingots £149-1|2.

Bombay Cotton

Bombay, Dec. 15.

In sympathy with a sharp rise of 24 points in New York futures, the local market opened firm at Rs. 202|4 for Broach A|M delivery. There was scattered buying the opening and prices advanced to Rs. 202|12 but long liquidation set in and prices eased off to Rs. 201|8. The undertone of the market is healthy and buyers are awaiting some reaction to buy

Liverpool market opened at a rise of 11 points and later on it was 14 and 16 points up. Prices in the local market advanced to Rs. 204/12 but later on eased off and closed at 5-30 p. m. as under

Broach A./M.	203	0	0
Oomra D./J.	185	12	0
Oomra March	183	12	0
Bengal D./J.	165	4	0
Bengal March	164	8	0

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATE

Bombay, Dec. 15.

	Sup.	Fine	F G	Good
M. G. Bengal U. P.	180	177	174	171
M. G. Rajputana	179	176	173	170
M. G. Punjab	179	176	173	170
M. G. Comra No. 3	193	190	187	...
M. G. Oomra No. 1	204	201	198	...
M. G. Oomra No. 2	198	195	192	...

READY COTTON SALES

Bombay, Dec. 15.

100 Oshman Suleman Partur New 50 on

100 Oshman Jalna 189

22 H. Nensh Kekrikacho 152

55 Birla Bros. Bhavavadar 175

59 Birla Bros. Ranpur 170¾

107 Shamji Karamshi Darwa 161¼

28 Toyo Poddar Veraval New 187

100 Viram Ladha Kapasin 40 off

31 Narshi Nagshi Malkapur 170

51 Curla Mill Bhagalkot 202

101 Currimbhai Jalna 166½

96 Gokuldas Dossa Hanshi 158

50 Swadeshi Mill Kotkapura 179¼

100 Tata Mill Kampala 112 on.

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Dec. 15.

	New	Old
Bengal Superfine	178	...
Bengal Fine	174	...
Bengal F. G.	169	...
Sindh-Punjab Fine	174	...
Sindh-Punjab F. G.	169/71	...
Wardha-Hingt Fine	202	175
Nagpur Savner Fine	207	175
Yeotmal Fine	197	170
Arvi Fine	199	170
Ellichpur Fine	194	167
Amraoti-Berar Fine	192	165
Khamgaon Fine	195	165
Mulkapur Fine	182	160
Khandesh Fine	190	160
Muthia F. G.	...	150
Jalna/Sailu F. G.	...	155
Burwah Sanavad F. G.		155
Ujjain/Shujaulpur F. G.	...	
Broach F. G.	...	185
Punjab/American F. G.		185
Punjab/American Mix	...	4175
Cambodia	...	240
Miraj/Sangli	...	195
Compta Good	...	195
Bagalkot	...	185
Kampala	...	300

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET

New York, Dec. 14.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) Spot, sellers 2 15/32.

Bombay Stock Exchange

ABSENCE OF ANY IMPORTANT BUSINESS

Narrow Trading Session

Bombay, Dec. 15.

The local Share Bazar opened very steady in sympathy with a sharp rise in cotton prices. There was some scattered business during the first hour and profit-taking wiped out the opening improvement.

In the last two hours there was practically no business and the bazar was nearly marking time. In the absence of sufficient business, the extension in trading hours seems untimely and uncalled for. It was narrow trading market without any new feature. X'mas Holidays are approaching and operators are not inclined to increase their risks. At the same time there will be some evening up of open-business Business for the next settlement will commence from to-morrow.

Prices movements were narrow and none of the share recorded any important change. Closing quotations were as under:—

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Dec. 15.

Bombay Dyeing 658; 57; 56; 57; Century 205; 4; 3; Colaba 69; Crescent 35-5; Fazul 258; 57; 56; Indore 351; Madhowji 7; Nagpur 264, 65; 63; New Great 112; Pearl 121; Simplex 57, Swadeshi 208; Burma 365, 63; Hydro 140; 140-6; Tram 11?; 11-14; Deff N150 Ord. 35 34-12, Bundi 15 6. 8 Indian 190; 88-2; Katni Ord 170 71; Alcock 139-6

TEXTILE SECTION.

Bombay, Dec. 15.

Ahmedabad Advance	317/8
Apollo Mills	0/12
Bombay Dyeing	657/8
Century	203/12
Central India	263/12
Colaba Land	69/1
Crescent	35/5
Dawn Mills	465/0
E. D. Sassoon	0/3
Elphinstone	1/8
Ebrahim Pabaney	66/4
Edward Sasson	11/4
Finley	77/8
Fazulbhoy	256/14
Gokak	104/6
Hindustan	1600/0
Indore Malwa	351/4
Indian Bleaching	145
Indore Malwa	350/4
Kastoorchand	5/12
Khatau	65/0
Kohinoor	139/6
Lakshmi	875/0
Morarjee	390
Madhavjee	7/6
Model Nagpore	61/4
Mysore	90/0
New City	35/0
New Great	112/8
Pearl	121/14
Phoenix	287/8
Premier	0/8
Sholapur	2150/0
Do. Deb. (94. FP)	96/0
Sassoon Silk	42/8
Swan	52/8
Simplex	57/8
Swadeshi	208/12
Tata Mills	15/0
Vishnu	1600/0

HYDRO & ELECTRIC SECTION.

Ahmedabad Eletric	133/2
Andhra Valle Ordy.	1242/8
Do Pref	1080/0
Bombay Tram Ordy	111/14
Do Pref	69/8
Broach Electric	8/14
Karachi Electric	160/0
Surat Electric	128/2
Suburban Electric	115/10
Tata Hydro Ordy.	140/5
Do Pref	109/6
Do 8 p.c. Deb	108/4
Do. Power Ordy.	772/8
Do. Pref.	1172/8

MISCELLANEOUS SECTION.

Alcock Ashdown	139/6
Br. Burma Petral	2/8/½
Bombay Burma Old	363/12
Do New	122/8
Do. Steamer	220/10
Do. Telephone	66/12
Do 6½ p.c. Deb	54/8
Bellapur Sugar	142/8
Indian Radio Ordy	315/0
Do Do Def	310/0
Do Mercantile	31/12
McKenzies	60/0
New India Assurance	19/2
Jupiter Insurance	9
Oriental Insurance	2220/0
Vulcan Insurance	6
Port Canning	605/0
Scindia Steam	9/8
Tata Construction	55/12
Do. Iron & S. Ordy.	34/12
Do Def	160/0
Do 1st Pref	133/2
Do 2nd Pref	61/12
Do. Oil	15/4

RAILWAY SECTION.

Ahmedabad Prantej	645/0
Amritsar Patti Old	96/8
Central Provinces	74/8
Dhond Bharamati	76/0
Gujerat	58/0
Hoshaiarpur Doab	73/0
Larkhana	76/0
Mandra Bhon	60/0
Mymensing Rebate	75/0
Do Gtd.	76/0
Pachora Jamner	55/0
Sara Sirajgunj	84/0
Sialkot Narowal	81/0
Sind Light	43/0
Tapty Valley	620
Upper Sind Light	72/0

BANK SECTION.

Bank of India	93/12
Baroda Bank z	75/0
Bombay Provincial	53/0
Central Bank	18/15
Eastern Bank	63/12
Imperial F. P.	1195/0
Do. P. P.	295/10
Union Bank	3/9

CEMENT SECTION.

Bundi Cement	15/8
Gwalior Cement	48/8
Indian Cement	188/2
Katni Cement Ordy.	171/4
Do Def	570/0
Punjab Cement Ordy.	9/10
Do. Pref.	10/10
Shahabad Cement	170
Shivrajpur	16/12
United Cement	70/0

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE.

London, Dec. 14.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 64 lb. Cargoes parcels Dec. sellers 22/9

Barletta Russo, per 64 lb. Cargoes Jan/Feb. sellers 22/3.

Wheat South Australian Parcels. Jan. paid 23/10 1/2.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, Parcels, No offers.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, Dec. 14.

Java Sugar. Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25:—

C & F Calcutta Oct. Dec. per cwt. sellers 8/3

C F Bombay, Oct/Dec per cwt. sellers 7/9

C & F Bombay. Oct/Dec. per cwt. sellers 7/9

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Dec. 14.

Bank Bills 3 months 0 15/16 to 1 p.c.

Bank Bills 6 months 1 3/16 p.c. to 1 1/4 p.c.

Fine Trade Bills. 3 months 2 1/2 p.c. to 3 p.c.

Fine Trade Bills. 6 months 2 1/2 p.c. to 3 p.c.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Dec 14.

Cottonseed Bombay, C I. F. Hull ton, No offers

Castorseed Bombay, C. I. F. Hull ton* Lec/Jan sellers £12/5/0

Rapeseed Toria. Hull/Continent, ton. Dec/Jan sellers £11/17/6.

LINSEED.

London, Dec. 14.

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton, Dec/Jan sellers £11/5/0.

Linseed Laplata C I F (Hull), ton Dec/Jan. sellers £8/15/0.

Linseed Bombay (London ton, Dec/Jan. sellers £11/11/3.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Dec. 14.

T T London on Berlin	13.78 1/2
T T London on Amsterdam	8.17 1/2
T T London on Brussels	24.73
T T London on Madrid	40.28
T T London on Milan.	64.18
T T London on Paris	84.18
T T London on Prague	110.62
T T London on New York Closing Rate	3.28 5/9

LONDON GOLD.

London, Dec. 14.

Bars Gold Fine per oz. £6/5/6

London, Dec 14.

Interest Day to Day Loan 0 1/2 p.c.

Interest 7 Days Market Loan. 0 1/2 p.c.

LONDON SILVER.

London, Dec. 14.

Silver.—Market closed steady.

Spot 17 1/8

Forward 17 3/16

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Dec. 14.

Refiners are not buying anything at present in anticipation of duty free's pressure. Although the market may go lower, we do not consider purchases at those prices dangerous.

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai, Dec. 15.

T.T. on London:—		
Previous Close	.....	1.8 3/8
To-day's Opening		1.8 3/8
To-day's Closing	.....	1.8 3/8

Unchanged.

Gold And Silver

Bombay, Dec. 15.

The silver market is quiet but steady. Sovereigns aftetr declining to Rs. 9-4-3 advanced to Rs. 19/5/6. Gold after declining to Rs. 30/11 advanced to Rs. 30-12-6.

Ready Silver 51-6-0.

Magsar 51/6/0.

Posh 51.11-0.

Sovereigns Ready 19/5/6.

Posh 19/4/6.

Gold Ready 30/13/6.

Posh 30/12/6.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Dec. 15.

F. P. Bales	1932-33	1931-32
Receipts to date 14-12-32	5374000	5735000
Receipts Yesterday 14-12-32	50000	23000
Exports to date 14-12-32	3591000	3522000
Stock at Ports 9-12-32	4827000	4638000
Stock Interior Towns 9-12-32	2256000	2205000
Stock Liverpool 9-12-32	789000	818000
Visible Supply 9-12-32	9752000	9190000
Quantity in Sight 9-12-32	8150000	9016000
Quantity out of Sight 9-12-32	5202000	5025000

THE TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS

EX. GODOWN, BOMBAY

Bombay. Dec. 15.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 400 per ton.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Per Case of 84 lbs. Rs. 22/-

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 105/- per ton.

Bosfa MEANS .....
SWADESHI & BEST

WALL-STREET CLOSES STEADY

New York, Dec. 14.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing closing quotations of the New York Cotton Exchange.

Anaconda Copper Mining dols. 7 1|2.

Electric Bond Prefd. dol 5 dols. 32 1|2.

General Motors dols 14.

National City Bank dols 46

National Dairy dols. 13.

Western Union Telg. dols. 31.

Drug. Inc. dols. 34.

Standard Oil of New Jersey dols. 30 1|2.

New York Central dols 22 1|2.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

TAXABLES.

Bombay, Dec. 15.

	Rs. a
3 1/2 p.c. G P Notes	73-13
4 p.c 1931-36 Conv.	98- 6
4 p.c. 1934/37 Loan	97-14
4 p.c. 1960/70 Loan	84-12
4 1/2 p.c. 1934 Bonds	100-11
4 1|2 p.c. 1955|60 Loan	94-12
5 p.c. 1929/47 Loan	100-10
5 p.c. 1939/44 Loan	101-14
5 p.c. 1940/43	102
5 p.c. 1935 Bonds	101-13
5 1/2 p.c. 1038/50 Loan	103-12
6 p.c. 1933/36 Bonds	101-11
6 1|2 p.c. T. Bonds	105- 8

TAXFREES.

5 p.c. 1945|55 Loan	106-12
6 p.c. 1933 Bonds	101- 7
6 1/2 p.c. 1935 BDL	106- 5

STATE LOANS.

3 1|2 p.c. 1938 Mysore	104- 8
5 p.c. 1955 Mysore	103- 0

CORPORATION LOANS

TAXABLES.

4 p.c. BPT 197 4	77- 8
4 p.c. M Deb 1974	76- 8
5 p.c. M. Deb. 1959	94-36
6 p.c. M. Deb. 1954	106- 0
6 p.c. KPT 1956	105- 8
6 1|2 p.c. B.I.T. 1937	104- 8

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, Dec. 15.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday.	This Year.
Khandesh	1.539	19,668
Central India	178	13,551
Barsi and Nagar	779	15,647
Hyderabad-Gaorani	384	5,645
Berar	4,220	57,182
Central Provinces	2,336	17,321
Total Oomras	9,446	129,014
Dholera	445	37,822
N.-W. Provinces	314	2,069
Rajputana	166	14,519
Sind-Punjab	963	13,768
Broach	.....	5,880
Coompta & Dharwar	...	32,150
Westerns-Northerns	...	34,053
Cocoanada	.....	1
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	100	8,772
Persian	.....	2,376
American	.....	6,500
Egyptian and African		23,134
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	.....	.....
Total	11,454	310,058

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, Dec. 15.

1st Sept. to 18th Dec.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday.	This Year.
Europe	523	89,595
Japan & China	2 887	157,853
Coast Ports	.....	5,070
Up-country by Rail	.....	32,909
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	.....	9,753
Total	3,410	295,180

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Dec. 15.

	Bales.
Khandeish	1,539
Central India	178
Barsi-Nugger	779
Hyderabad-Gaorani	384
Berar	4 220
Central Provinces	2,636
Dhollera	445
N.-W. Provinces	314
Rajputana	166
Sind-Punjab	963
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	100
	Cwts.
Wheat	7,981
Linseed	8,415
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	47
Gingellyseed	7,274
Poppyseed	4
Groundnuts	16,59
Castorseed	5,36
Rice	17,908
Myrabollams	5,932
Cottonseed	12 885
Gram	2,568
Mowraseed	18
Joowar	1,207
Maize	10
Barley	933
Bajree	3,006
	Tons.
Coal	208

I AM NOT A BIT HUNGRY

How often have you said this when sitting down to your meals? With a few exceptions this lack of fancy for food is solely due to constipation or the irregular function of the intestinal organs. By taking a spoonful of **Magnesia San Pellegrino** every morning you will set these organs right and consequently regain a healthy appetite and show an appreciation of your cook's efforts

Price per bottle Rs. 1-8-0

„ single dose tin „ 0-3-0

At Chemists and Stores

Agents: E. STELLA & CO.,

P.O Box 868 ..... BOMBAY.

CLEARANCE SALE

5 Watches For 5 Rupees

One Railway Regulator Watch. Two dummy pocket Watches. Two dummy Wrist Watches.

To clear our large stock of watches we have decided to sell them in lots of 5 watches for Rs. 5 only. In durability our watches are a class in themselves. The clearance sale will continue for a limited period and thereafter the watches will be sold at their usual prices. Order for less than lot of five watches will not be entertained. Postage extra.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY
ORDER TO-DAY
THE MANAGER,
THE GULZAR TRADING AGENCY
Post Box No. 72, LAHORE.

N. Y. K. LINE

FOR COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, CHINA & JAPAN.

Passage Rates from Bombay.

PORTS	Single. 1st £	Single. 2nd £	Return. 1st £	Return. 2nd £
COLOMBO	7	5	—	—
SINGAPORE	19	13	30	—
HONGKONG	26	17	—	30
SHANGHAI	30	19	50	30
KOBE	35	22	50	30
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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1932

MORE REVELATIONS IN PUPALA CASE

WITNESSES DESCRIBED AS GANG OF GANJA SMOKERS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

More prosecution witnesses were examined this morning at the resumed hearing of the Kamatipura Murder. case arising from the recent communal riots, in which Mr. Pupala, ex-Municipal Corporator and four other Hindus are the accused.

WENT TO BASRAH AS PRISONER COOLIE.

The first witness to give evidence to-day was one Shamji.

Cros-examined by Mr. Velinkar, witness said that he came to Ravana since 1914 when they were working together at Basrah. Witness went to Basrah as a prisoner to work there as a "coolie." It was not true that witness, Ravana, Babu, Shankar and Sitappa were a gang drinking and smoking "ganja" together.

Mr. Velinker then questioned witness about his convictions. Witness said his age was now 50, and he had spent 15 years in jail. He admiteed a series of convictions and said that since 1929 he had been doing "honest business."

On the day the tajia was burnt down, witness and Shanker were sitting on the verandah of the Maruti temple. Witness could not see the "tazia" on fire. The police, accompanied by Ravana, came to witness to take him for getting his statement. His first statement was taken on 21st August, i.e. three months after the murder. Shanker was also taken along with witness. Between the murder and the time of taking his statement, witness was at Mazgaon.

SAW MUSLIM KILLED.

In further cross-examination, witness said that he saw the Mahomedan being killed. He was stabbed in the right side. Witness was about 10 feet away from the spot. At that time there was a small crowd, but witness could see the incident.

A C.I.D. INFORMANT.

Witness had known Aloo for a short-time. He knew that Aloo was an informant of the C.I.D. Before the murder, No. 2 said in Marathi "There comes a Mahomedan," and No. 1 said "Let him come along." Witness did not remember if anybody spoke in Telugu, as he did not understand that language.

Witness was living together with Babu. They subsequently fell out over some money matters.

The next witness for the prosection was Shanker Vidoo.

Examined by Mr. Somji, witness said he was a pan-shop keeper. He knew the last witness Shamji who also kept a pan-shop. They were now both living at Mankeshwar.

Witness also knew Ravana, and accused Nos. 1 and 2. Witness remembered the communal riots in Bombay. Witness went to Shamji and asked him to come along for buying pan. Shamji refused to stir out, as the riot was raging. Ultimately, Shamji consented, and they both went to Maruti temple, at the junction of 8th Kamatipura Lane and Bazar Road. There was a crowd collected, and they heard that a tazia was set on fire. Ravana and Shivram also came up there. Witness and others were seated on the "Otla" (verandah). Accused No. 1 said: "You are sitting here and smoking 'ganja' ", while the Hindus are being killed."

STABBED WITH A SWORD STICK.

In the meantime No. 2 said: "Look. there comes a Mahomedan". No. 1 said: "Le him come nearer". The Mahomedan walked up to 9th lane and Hanmanta stabbed him with a sword-stick. While the victim was running, Shivram stabbed him with a pen-knife, and he fell down. In the meantime accused No. 2 said: "Don't make noise, the police might arrive. Remove the dead body to the compound." Witness and Shamji were frightened at the incident. Witness was called by the police on 21st August for getting his statement.

Cross-examined by Mr. Velinkar, witness said that during the war, he was enlisted at Poona and sent to Busrah.

A JAIL BIRD.

Witness was now 38 years of age. When he was 18, he was sent to Dharwar Juvenile jail. After his return from Busrah, he was sentenced to three months for house-breaking, and again to 6 months for attempt at house-breaking.

On 26th September, 1932, a man was arrested, and witness was asked to identify him.

Before witness made his statement to the police in August, he had not mentioned the incident of the murder that took place on 16th May.

The next witness for the prosecution was Samson Simon alias Babu, a Jew. Examined by Mr. Somji, witness said that he resided in the 1st Lane, Kamatipura. He knew Pupala, Rawan and accused Nos. 3, 4 and 5. On May 16, at noon, witness was at Rawan's place, and from there proceeded to Maruti's temple.

Witness then deposed to having seen the incidents of the murder and the disposal of the dead body.

"CHILAM" SMOKING

Cross-examined by Mr. Talyarkhan, witness said that he worked as a door-keeper at the Olympia Cinema. He did some odd jobs as a carpenter during the day. He had been sent to jail three times. He knew Ravan for the last two years, and "chilum" smoking was the bond of friendship between them. Witness was the only Jew in that locality. Subsequently, he vacated his room and was living with Ravana.

AN EYE-WITNESS.

Asked about the incidens of the murder, witness said that at that time he was standing near a teashop in the 8th Kamatipura Lane. From there, he watched the assault on the Mahomedan. He went away without speaking to anybody. On the night of the 17th May, he did not see the body being removed to the man-hole. He was afraid at the sight, and he ran away. That night Ravana, who was living with witness was called out by Shankar who said he (Ravana) was wanted by Pupala. Accordingly, Ravana went out, and witness, getting inquisitive, followed him. He went to Pupala's house, and he heard the conversation that passed between Pupala and Ravana. After that he followed those persons. He saw the dead body being dumped into the man-hole. This time he was not frightened, though he was frightened when he saw the murder committed on the previous day. He did not help either in the murder, or in the disposal of the dead body.

Further hearing was adjourned to Friday.

Bombay.—The President of Swadeshi Varnashrama Sangha, Bombay has received a telegram from the Zamorin of Calicut informing him that out of the 35 opinions received, only five were for the entry of Depressed Classes into the Guruvayoor Temple, while 30 were against the same.—A. P.

BAN ON GANDHI FILMS

For Whole Of Bombay Presidency

A Bombay Government Gazette issued on Thursday states that the Governor in Council has directed that the undermentioned films certified by the Bombay Board of Film Censors shall be deemed to be uncertified films in the whole of the Bombay Presidency:—

(1) "Gandhi in England" produced by the British Screen News Company; (2) "Gandhi Sees the King," produced by the British Screen News Company; (3) "Gandhi's Activities in England"; (4) "45th Indian National Congress at Karachi" (with Gujarati titles), produced by the Eastern Film Company; (5) "45th Indian National Congress at Karachi," produced by the Eastern Film Company (6) "Mahatma Gandhi After His Release," produced by the Naujuwan Film Company, (7) "Mahatma Gandhi After the Truce" (synchronised), produced by the Imperial Film Company; (8) "National Flag Hoisting and Salutation Ceremony," produced by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee; (9) "Epoch-making Voyage of Mahatma Gandhi to London", produced by the Saraswati Film Laboratory; (10) "Gandhi News" (synchronised), produced by Paramcunt; (11) "Mahatma Gandhi in London," produced by the British Screen News Company; (12) "Gandhi's Visit to Lancashire", produced by the British Screen News Company; (13) "Gandhi with Charlie" and (14) "Arrival of Mahatma Gandhi in London", produced by the British Screen News Company.

TAKING OF REFERENDUM

Ahmedabad Sanatanist Protest

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 15.

Mr. Agnihotri Bhatt, President of the local Sanatan Dharma Sabha has sent a telegram to the Zamorin protesting against taking of referendum in any form regarding the opening of the Guruvayur temple to the depressed classes on the ground that it is against the basic principles of Hinduism. Mr Bhatt has sent another telegram to the Viceroy requesting him to disallow the introduction of anti-untouchability Bill in the Legislative Assembly as it would wound the feelings of Sanatan Hindus.—A. P.

PHILIPPINES TO BE INDEPENDENT

WITHIN EIGHT YEARS

U. S. Senate Approves Of Hare Bill

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.

The Senate has approved of the Hare Bill which was passed by the House of Representatives ast April giving independence to the Philippines within eight years.—Reuter.

STOCK MARKET RALLIES AFTER UNCERTAINTY

Effect Of Default Insignificant

LONDON, Dec. 14.

New York.—After early uncertainty attributed to French default the Stock Market rallied briskly. France sagged slightly below the gold export point. General opinion on Wall Street is that the effect of default will be financially insignificant.—Reuter.

RELIEF TO UNEMPLOYED

Germany To Spend 1500 Million Marks

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Dec. 14.

Berlin.—The State Commissioners' programme for relief to the unemployed, involving an expenditure of 1,500 million marks has been approved by the Cabinet. It will be published shortly as an emergency decree.—Reuter.

NO DIVISION IN HOUSE

"Default By Britain Unthinkable"

LONDON, Dec. 15.

Mr. Neville Chamberlain, winding up in the Commons, said that gold for December payment would come from the reserves of the Bank of England, and would be paid for by Government at the current price of gold in treasury bills. Deficiency would be met from savings in the sinking fund and the interest on treasury bills which if payment had not been made, would have been available for reduction of any kind of debt. There would be no increase in the fiduciary issue at present.

There was no division, and the debate yielded no new standpoint and could not, in any way, affect the Government's decision.

Criticisms of policy were aimed mainly at Mr. Baldwin's Washington Debt Agreement and the Lausanne Reparations Treaty, but the speakers were unanimous that default by Britain was unthinkable. MacDonald was absent owing to chill.

"DEFAULT BY BRITAIN UNTHINKABLE."

The debt debate in the Commons has hitherto yielded nothing more striking than the unanimous agreement among the principal speakers, including three ex-Chancellors of Exchequer that default or repudiation by Britain was unthinkable, thought Mr. Lloyd George, holding up the example of France declared, that we should have told the United States that they mus parley before being paid. We were the greatest creditors in the world in proportion to population. We paid heaviest taxation. We made greatest sacrifices in money to save the liberties of the world, and we must be heard.

Sir Robert Horne devoted much of his speech to the defence of the debt agreement made at Washington by Mr. Baldwin who was recently severely criticised in the press.

Mr. Lloyd George's defence of bis own attitude on debts at various times was received with chilly silence of ironical cheers.—Reuter.

R. T. C. SEE-SAW

From Conference To Conversations

INDIAN LIBERALS' SECOND LETTER TO SANKEY DELIVERED

Thorny Problem Of Finance

LONDON, Dec. 14.

The Indian Liberals' second letter to Lord Sankey has now been delivered. It is understood it asks that in addition to the date for Federation, British India's constitutional progress shall not be prejudiced, whatever may be the attitude of the States.

NO FINAL DECISION YET.

As indicated last night, they are discussing the situation; but there is reason to believe that they have not come to the final decision. The fact that the conference did not meet to-day owing to informal discussions, on Finance illustrates the difficulty of fixing a precise programme. To-day's conversations were doubtless largely connected with the income tax in which connection unanimity has not yet been reached.

WILL WORK BE OVER BY DEC. 20?

The Conference has hitherto disposed of or begun consideration of six out of the nine heads mentioned on November 17, and if the original programme is to be adhered to, four working days remain for completion of the work of the Committees at present in being, for the consideration of three outstanding items, and also any extra subjects which the delegates may submit. It is, therefore, impossible to state whether the work will be completed by December 20, but it appears probable that some extension will be necessary.

PREMIER TO BID FAREWELL?

It is expected that the Premier, just as he welcomed the delegates will attend the final meeting and bid them farewell, and possibly he will review the work, but the White Paper will not be available as it must be framed in the light of the decisions and discussions of the present session and will take several weeks

SURPRISE IN CONFERENCE CIRCLES.

Postponement of the meetings of both the Round Table Conference and the Federal Finance Committee has caused surprise in Conference circles, but the simple explanation is that the solution of the income-tax problem has proved more elusive than was expected. Informal discussions and suggestions which are believed to have been on the lines similar to those mentioned in the message of 12th December were continued throughout the day. There appears to be good prospect of agreement, though conversations have not yet concluded and will be resumed, to-day.—Reuter's R. T. C. Special Service.

WARRANT FOR V. M. DALAL

Charge Of Defaming Judicial Clerk Of Magistrate

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A non-bailable warrant for the arrest of V. M. Dalal was issued by Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, to-day for being absent when the case in which he stands charged with defamation was called out.

The accused is alleged to have defamed Mr. P. T. Karnik, judicial clerk of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, and at the last hearing a charge had been framed against him and he was given time to call defence witnesses.

The accused's name was called out several times in the Court but there was no response. The Magistrate thereupon directed the issue of a non-bailable warrant for his arrest. The Magistrate also issued a notice asking the accused to show cause why the amount of the bond executed by him on a previous occasion for being absent should not be forfeited.

SENSATION IN FORT

Boy Servant Drops Down From Second Storey Of Building

Bombay, Thursday.

A sensation was caused in Oak Lane, Fort, at 1 o'clock, when a Hindu boy servant fell down in a street from the second floor of Agboatwalla Building.

A large crowd collected on hearing that a boy has lept from the building. It appears that the boy who is a servant of one Mrs. Fairbanks went to the latrine and dropped down by accident.

Deputy Inspector Rane of the Phalton Road Police Station came to the spot on receiving the information and removed the boy to G. T. Hospital.

Headless Trunk On Ry. Line

MADURA, Dec. 11.

'Somebody must have cut off the head and thrown the trunk along the railway line and hence a clear case of murder", was the verdict of the panchayatdars at the inquest held by the Madura Railway Police, over the headless trunk of a man aged about 30 years found on the railway lines between Madura Bridge and Vilangudi Railway stations of the Madura Dindigul section.

After prolonged search police recovered the head and investigation is proceeding as to the identity of the corpse.—A. P.

The Weather

POONA, Dec. 15.

There has been local rain in Southeast Madras, while a few falls have occurred in Mysore and the North Madras Coast. A western disturbance is causing clouds along the Frontier.

Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Madras one and a half inches; Coonoor three-quarters; Pamban, Vellore, Kodaikanal and Nellore a half and Negapatam a quarter.

Forecast:—Rain will continue in Southeast Madras.—A. P.

Retaliation Against Defaulting Govts.

BAN ON ENTRY INTO U. S. OF SECURITIES

Bill In House Of Representatives

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

WASHINGTON. Dec. 14.

A bill forbidding entry into the United States of the securities of defaulting foreign Governments has been introduced in the House of Representatives by Republican Harold Kutson. The bill will also prohibit advertising of such securities and their transport through American mails.—Reuter.

FORECAST OF NEW FRENCH CABINET

Will Herriot Form It?

PARIS, Dec. 14.

Government of the same complexion as M. Herriot's, with Hertiott, is now talked of, with M. M. Paul Boncour. Chautemps Daladier, Caillaux and Steeg, all radicals like M. Herriot, as possible Premiers. It is likely that M. Herriot will be the first man to be asked to form a Cabinet, but he will probably decline for a few days till others have tried.—Reuter.

AMY FORCED TO LAND

ORAN, Dec. 15.

Amy Johnson has been forced to land at Beniounif, 450 kilometres south of Oran, yesterday afternoon owing to bad weather. She will leave as soon as weather clears.—Reuter's Special.

FORCING ON INDIA WESTERN CONSTITUTION

Churchill On Danger Of "Disturbing Calm"

'R. T. C. CRAWLING FORWARD TOWARDS GOAL

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Dec. 14.

Congratulations were offered to Government by Mr. Churchill at a political lunch in London on the courageous manner in which it had restored law and order in India without serious trouble and bloodshed; but he doubted whether comparative calm should be disturbed by forcing on India a Western constitution. "We see the Round Table Conference crawl forward towards its destination which seems to me increasingly absurd."—Reuter.

"NOT INEFFECTIVE"

Measures To Tackle Communism

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Dec. 14.

In the course of a brief debate on Communist propaganda in the Lords, Lord Londonderry declared that the present state of England and the recent improvement in the conditions in India ecouraged the belief that the methods taken to prevent Communist propaganda from having serious results had not been ineffectitve.—Reuter.

INQUEST OVER DEATH OF PARSI SHARE-BROKER

Is It Cynide-Poisoning

BOMBAY, Thursday.

No further light has been thrown on the mysterious death of Mr. Pestonji Naoroji Kapadia, who was found dead in his room at the Star Mansions Colaba on Wednesday afternoon. The inquest that was to have been held this morning over the body by the Coroner of Bombay has been postponed for further investigations into the case.

The only evidence that was recorded was that contained in the post-mortem, which says that death is believed to be to cynide-poisoning. The contents of the stomach have been sent to the Government Chemical Analyser, whose report is awaited with anxiety.

Mr. Kapadia, who is a rich share broker and piece-goods merchant lived with his family at Colaba. Yesterday afternoon he was found lying dead in his room of the relatives. The Police were immediately informed and the body was removed to the morgue. During the course of investigations, the police found fourteen small bottles in Mr Kapadia's room some of which contained poisonous liquids. It is not yet definitely known as to whether it was suicide or murder. The police investigations continue while the body of Mr. Kapadia was taken charge of by the relatives.

DEBTS TANGLE WORSENS

Move For Extending Moratorium In E. Europe

BUCHAREST, Dec. 14

The question of extension of the reparations moratorium in Eastern Europe which expires on 15th December has added to the debts tangle. Mr. MacDonald as present of the Lausanne Conference, has been approached by the Rumanian Foreign office on the subject.—Reuter.

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